

TEXAS COURTS DO NOT UPHOLD LYNCHING

WITH DRAWN REVOLVERS RANGERS ESCORT MEN TO JAIL.

Shots Are Fired to Keep Crowds Away from the County Bastille at Tyler.

Tyler, Tex., May 13.—At a conference tonight attorneys decided to sue out a writ of habeas corpus before the Court of Criminal Appeals at Austin, seeking the release of the six men remanded to jail without bail here today by Judge Simpson, sitting as a Magistrate, in connection with the lynching of a negro at this place the first of May. It will probably take three weeks to perfect this action at law. Participating in the conference were N. A. Gentry, W. L. Dean and Cone Johnson. Mr. Johnson had represented R. E. Bryan during the hearing before Judge Simpson. Mr. Johnson's client was dismissed and the attorney was asked into the conference with the others tonight at which the decision was reached.

When Capt. Rogers and his state rangers appeared outside the court room with their prisoners, following the decision of District Judge Simpson to remand to jail without bail six of those accused of complicity in the lynching of the negro here May 1, he was greeted by a considerable crowd, which jeered at the party; but revolvers were promptly drawn and the men taken in safety to the Smith county jail. Later a large crowd congregated in the vicinity of the jail and it became necessary to fire two shots into the air to warn them away. The authorities believe this crowd congregated through simple curiosity, but it was thought best to disperse it. Tonight groups of men were seen in the streets discussing the cases, but no trouble is anticipated.

Simpson Condemns Lynching.

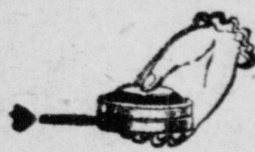
In his remarks previous to making the decision, Judge Simpson, who was sitting as a Magistrate, roundly scored violations of the law of the specific character on lynching, and declared that so long as he was on the bench he would do all in his power to bring to justice the perpetrators of such deeds.

Of those who had been detained in connection with the lynching, R. E. Bryan and Andrey Campbell were discharged. Lewis Adams, Ross Ford and Horace Turner were granted bail in the sum of \$5,000 each, which they made. They have been released. Those held to the grand jury without bail are H. F. Lindley, Joe Mattesota, Lewis Francis, Horace Austin, Birdo Pyron and Henry Hoybrook. They will be held pending action at the next term of the district court, which will convene June 21.

Construction Company.

Mr. A. O. Pottorff of the Bert Hahn Construction Co., is in the city with headquarters at the Dorland hotel. They are ready to take contracts for any kind of cement work, and especially for side walks. See their ad in this issue.

It Makes No Difference



How Careful you are, the Bed Bugs will get in. But you don't need to be bothered with them, for BUGNITE destroys bed bugs and all other vermin. 25c Bottle.

RED CEDAR FLAKES destroys Moths. Pleasant to use. 15c package.



Try our Ant, Bug and Roach Food. 10, 15 and 25c boxes.

Gwin & Mays Co.

The Ada Druggists—The Rexall Store
"WE RUN A DRUG STORE AND NOTHING MORE."

DR. H. BROWALL DIES AT SHERMAN

PASSES AWAY AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK IN PRESENCE OF WIFE AND FRIENDS.

Dies in Less Than One Week After Contracting Blood Poison in Surgical Operation.

The many friends of Dr. H. Browall were shocked and grieved upon receipt of a message today stating that he had died at eleven o'clock in Saint Vincent's Sanitarium at Sherman, Tex., from the effect of blood poisoning, contracted while performing a surgical operation on the person of Mr. Tarkington, of this place, last Sunday morning.

It seemed that the case was serious from the start; consequently no time was lost in getting the doctor under treatment. Dr. Neathery, of Sherman, was telephoned for Monday, and on Monday evening he accompanied Dr. Browall to Sherman where he was operated on at once. He was followed by Mrs. Browall Tuesday evening, who remained at his bedside to the end. There were also present at the death Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bledsoe, of Ardmore, Mrs. S. M. Torbett and Dr. W. D. Faust of Ada, Mr. Torbett, Mr. Warren and Mr. Maddox having returned from there this morning. At 8:30 last evening the doctor was rational and had good hopes of recovery, but it seems that this was only a prelude to the worst.

The remains will arrive here at 9:15 tomorrow morning on the north bound Frisco, funeral services will be held at 3:00 p. m. from the Methodist church, and it is thought now that the burial will take place immediately, though arrangements for funeral and burial cannot be completed until the arrival of Mrs. Browall. Rev. John A. Williams, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place but now of Durant, and a strong friend of the family, will conduct the services.

Dr. Browall was a native of Sweden and was 37 years of age. He attended medical college in Stockholm and came to the United States to establish himself in the practice of his profession, locating in Wisconsin. For some time he did practice in leading hospitals at Merrillville and Waukesha, coming to Ada December 1st, 1903. The doctor built for himself a good practice from the start, and about four years ago formed a partnership with Dr. W. D. Faust, being partners in practice to the time of Dr. Browall's death.

On February 21st, 1905, he was married to Mrs. Latta, widow of Ed L. Latta, an early resident and business man of this city. Mrs. Browall's maiden name was Miss Mabel Smith, whose mother now resides at Ardmore.

Dr. and Mrs. Browall lived happily together and were the parents of a bright baby boy about seven months of age, being named in full for his father. They had in Ada a strong following of friends, and while sympathy is poor balm in hours like these, Mrs. Browall and baby son will have their full share.

Dr. Browall was a member of the Elks and a prominent figure in social circles. He was in fair circumstances financially and it is understood that he carried both life and accident insurance.

GENERAL ORDER NUMBER SEVEN.

Notice to the United Confederate Veterans, Through Out the State of Oklahoma.

I have designated June 3rd, the Anniversary of the birth of our president, Jefferson Davis, as decoration day.

It is my earnest wish and request that every camp, wherever there is a Confederate soldier buried, that the sympathizers and the members of the Organization have some kind of a service and decorate the graves of our comrades who have passed over the river.

I hope that this order will be observed throughout the entire state.

By order of Wm. M. Cross, Major General. Attest: John L. Galt, Adjutant General and Chief of Staff, United Confederate Veterans.

When you want what you want, when you want it, try a want ad in the News.

TULSA GRAND JURY MUST BE SHOWN

INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE JURY WILL BE FAIR.

That Governor Haskell and Associates Acted in Good Faith Is Not Doubted.

Tulsa, Ok., May 13.—That the federal grand jury now investigating into the scheduling of Muskogee town lots will have to be shown before any indictments are returned is evidenced from what took place in court here today. The defense has all along insisted that Gov. Haskell and his associates acted in good faith in the scheduling of Muskogee lots and that they were governed to a certain extent by the advice and instructions given them by the townsites commission—that if an offense was committed it was not with criminal intent.

When court convened this morning the grand jury appeared before Judge Marshall and asked for additional instructions on the law of intent, good faith, deception, etc. The charge of the court on these points was clear and concise, the substance of it being that the accused should have acted according to the law as set down by congress for the scheduling of the lots.

The witnesses from Danville, Va., were all examined today and it is probable that they will leave for home this evening.

Messrs. Dwight Tuttle, chairman of townsites commission, Ben Marshall and John Adams, both of Muskogee, and the other members of the commission will testify before the jury. More witnesses are arriving daily. Indictment Drawer Pagen is now here. The Ohio witnesses are arriving this afternoon.

M. F. Early of Muskogee, connected with the Indian agency there, and who had charge of all the records of the townsites commission at the time of the scheduling of lots in Creek nation towns, was the first witness before the grand jury yesterday. Most of the afternoon was consumed with his testimony. He was followed by Thomas Hamlin and E. E. Boulding of Danville, Va.

DISCRIMINATION IN RATES.

Cotton Seed Oil Mills of Oklahoma Get in Behind the Railroads.

A petition alleging that twenty-five railroads of Oklahoma give cheaper rates to Fort Smith, Memphis, Little Rock, New Orleans, St. Louis and Kansas City than to Oklahoma points on cotton seed oil, cotton seed meal and cake, was filed before the interstate commerce commission yesterday by Flynn & Ames, attorneys, of Oklahoma City. Thirty cotton seed oil mills in Oklahoma are plaintiffs in the complaint against the railroads in and out of the state.

The plaintiffs are all corporations and represent practically every cotton seed oil mill in the state. Each railroad operating in the state is made defendant, as are most of those leading to the principal cotton seed oil markets. The petition alleges that the rates are discriminatory and that Oklahoma points, where the shipments of cotton seed originate, should be given lower rates. Reductions in rates are asked on cotton seed and the by-products.

NO PROHIBITION YET.

Senate and House of Missouri Legislature Disagree on Issue.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 13.—After many hours' debate tonight, the senate and house conference committee decided it could not agree on the state wide prohibition amendment. Tomorrow the members of the committee will ask to be discharged.

With the disagreement tonight there now seems to be no hope of the legislature submitting the amendment to the people at this session.

Lynching.

Summitt, Miss., May 13.—Without having committed any crime so far as is known, John Rist, negro, was hanged to a tree and his body was found near here Thursday. A mass meeting of citizens was held and the affair was denounced as a murder. A reward for the capture of the perpetrators is offered.

NO RECITAL TONIGHT.

Owing to the death of Dr. Browall Miss Garrott has postponed her recital which was to have been given at the Ardmore tonight. It will probably be given Monday or Wednesday night. Announcements will be made later.

MEDICAL MEETING AT TULSA IN 1910

STRENUOUS MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION JUST CLOSED.

New Officers Are Elected and Work for Coming Year Outlined.

Oklahoma City, May 14.—With the state board of health and the board of state medical examiners combined on candidates for the offices in the Oklahoma State Medical associations was not able to muster strength to defeat the slate. The election of officers was the first order of business Thursday, but it was noon before the balloting was over, and the fight was spirited during the entire session. Tulsa was selected for the 1910 meeting.

The following men were elected to direct the affairs of the association the coming year.

President—Dr. W. C. Bradford, Shawnee.

First vice president—Dr. A. D. Reed, Tulsa.

Second vice president—Dr. D. A. Myers, Lawton.

Third vice president—Dr. J. W. Duke, Guthrie.

Secretary-Treasurer—Dr. C. A. Thompson, Muskogee.

Counsellors.

First district—Dr. J. A. Walker, Shawnee.

Second district—Dr. J. W. Duke, Guthrie.

Third district—Dr. C. R. Hume, Ardmore.

Fourth district—Dr. A. B. Fair, Frederick.

Fifth district—Dr. F. R. Sutton, Bartlesville.

Sixth district—Dr. W. G. Blake, Tahlequah.

Seventh district—Dr. I. W. Robertson, Dustin.

Eighth district—Dr. H. P. Wilson, Wynnewood.

Ninth district—Dr. J. S. Fulton, Atoka.

Delegate to the American Medical association—Dr. H. A. Hahn, Guthrie.

Alternate—Dr. A. L. Reeder, Tulsa.

The hardest battle of the convention was over the election of secretary of the association and seven candidates were nominated, but on the first ballot Dr. C. A. Thompson won by a majority of six. At the afternoon session committee reports were received and resolution adopted commending the local physicians and the citizens for the preparation and the entertainment afforded; also thanking the congregation of the White temple for the use of the building.

Action Against Phthisis.

One of the important matters to come before the meeting was a resolution naming a committee to secure full and accurate information regarding tuberculosis in Oklahoma and to warn those infected against any thoughtless habits or actions that would in any way spread the disease. There was a general demand on the part of the physicians that a systematic effort be made and radical action taken to suppress the disease.

A revision of the constitution was demanded and a committee appointed to prepare the changes and to report at the Tulsa convention next year. In accordance with a custom of the association, Secretary-elect Dr. C. A. Thompson will edit the journal of the State Medical association, and the place of publication will be changed from Guthrie to Muskogee.

The association of county secretaries held a short meeting in the afternoon and elected Dr. J. W. Duke of Guthrie president, and Dr. Wright of Shawnee secretary.

Dr. Turk Lectures.

As the election and business session had encroached upon the time of the scientific program, the afternoon session was crowded and sectional conferences were held. An interesting part of the day's program was the lectures in the afternoon by Dr. Fenton B. Turk of Chicago and Dr. E. C. Dudley of Kansas City. These lec-

CLOTHING

is a much advertised merchandise



There are really few people (not in the clothing business) competent to judge clothing materials. We are clothiers and judges of materials; if you place your confidence in us you are sure of getting what we represent to you.

SUITS \$12.50

We are showing a big variety of suits in all the latest fabrics and colors made with fancy cuffs and pocket effects, Blue and Gray Serges, Tan and Green and Olives and fancy worsteds in two piece or three piece, suits in all sizes at **12.50**

They can't be equalled for less than \$15.00.

We are anxious to show you our better goods made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx for us.

Come and ask to see the \$20.00 and \$22.50 Suits—they are equal to any tailored Suit at \$30.00.

I. HARRIS

"Specialist in good clothes for men and young men"

tures were illustrated with stereopticon views and were the feature of the convention.

The closing hours of the convention last night were filled with committee conferences and work for the coming year was discussed by the new council. As this year has set a new mark in attendance and work accomplished, it is the general expression that it would also mark an era of growth for the association in the state.

ARDMORE AFTER CEMENT PLANT.

Million Dollars to Be Invested at Foot of Arbuckle Mountains—Railroad Will Be Built.

Ardmore, Ok., May 13.—A million dollar cement plant is now assured for this city and will be located at the foot of the Arbuckle Mountains, a few miles northwest of here. E. S. Ayers of Edgerton, Kan., W. W. Fry, and Oscar Ayers of Olathe, Kan., L. J. Middleton and C. R. Goodale of Collinsville, Ok., and Phil Lawrence of Huton, S. D., are the incorporators of a company to handle the proposition, which is being financed by C. F. Clerk & Co., well known bankers and financiers of Philadelphia. Assurance has been given that the money is waiting for them as soon as the bonds, now being engraved, are out of the printer's hands. The plant will require the expenditure of

between \$800,000 and \$1,000,000 and will be of 5,000 barrel capacity. A railroad will connect this city with the plant, and the road is to be extended through the Arbuckle mountains, west in the direction of Chickasha, which will develop some of the richest mineral lands in this section.

The railroad will be capitalized at \$2,500,000, and it is expected to begin work within the next ninety days, if preliminary arrangements can be completed. A survey of the route will be made this month by W. R. Forsythe of Philadelphia. This is the biggest industrial proposition the southern part of the state has had presented and will be followed by large developments of this section.

Work on the cement plant will begin within the next sixty days.

Going to Mexico.

Do you want some good Ada property at a great sacrifice. A nine room dwelling on 12th street for \$1,000. No bids will be considered later than May 25th. For full particulars see M. L. Bullard or P. L. Jones.

A Neat Window.

The show windows of the Cox-Greer-McDonald Co., are unique indeed as they are at present decorated. The Delineator is the feature and they are arranged in elegant style and make a neat display.

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

"THE TINT THAT WON'T RUB OFF"

Made by mixing with cold water and is easily applied with brush, anybody can put it on your walls.

We are always glad to show color combinations and give other information desired. It is cheaper than wall paper and looks much better and lasts longer. Let us tell you about it?

PHONE NO. 6 **Ramsey's** DRUG STORE

The Ada News

Evening Edition, except Sunday
Weekly Publication, Thursday

OFFICE: Weaver-Masonic Block, 12th and Broadway

OTIS B. WEAVER, EDITOR AND OWNER

TERMS: Weekly, the year, \$1.00 Daily, the week, 10cts Daily, the year, \$1.00

Daily delivered in city by carrier every evening except Sunday.
The Weekly will be sent to responsible subscribers until ordered discontinued and all arrearages are paid

"Entered as Second Class matter, March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Oklahoma, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879"



KENTUCKY'S POLITICAL CRIME

Governor Wilson of Kentucky closes the notorious Goebel murder case of nearly a decade ago by a sweeping pardon for all concerned, excepting the unfortunate Youtsey, who is serving a life sentence. William S. Taylor has had a most fortunate time of it since the morning the young Kentuckian Goebel was shot as he walked through the state house grounds. The shot was fired from within the Statehouse, from a window of a room at least near where Taylor is alleged to have been seated. Goebel had been the democratic candidate for Governor against Taylor. The contest was close, and there was much fraud. The courts had declared Goebel to have honestly elected and his appeal for the right to occupy the office was before the legislature at the time of his cowardly assassination.

From a prison cell at Frankfort, Henry Youtsey, under life sentence for participation in that murder, declares he is as much entitled to a pardon as Taylor or Finley. Over in Indiana Taylor and Finley received word of the pardon with the declaration that there is still "A God in Israel." The state prosecutor regrets that Kentucky should have granted a pardon to those men without ever

having brought their case to trial. Politics has certainly played a most important part in that most interesting case. For politics Goebel was murdered. Through politics Taylor was given refuge by the republican governor in the neighboring state of Indiana. By the aid of politics all the force of a sovereign State's extradition machinery was nullified, and now Governor Wilson has repaid a debt—if not expressed, implied—to the Taylor adherents in Kentucky contracted in the last gubernatorial campaign. Poor Kentucky! Her lot in this regard has not been a happy one. How much nobler would have been her course had William S. Taylor been brought to trial. And if justice had not then been done, the pardoning power might properly have been invoked. The nation would have applauded. Now it lives to regret.—National Monthly.

The expected has happened and Gov. Williams of Kentucky has granted a pardon to ex-Gov. Taylor and former Secretary of State Charles Finley, who were refugees from justice, under indictment for complicity in the murder of Senator Goebel in 1900. Henry Youtsey is the only person to pay any sort of penalty for the murder. He is now serving a life term in the penitentiary—a scapegoat for those higher up, who had a hand in the deed. No one expected Taylor to be punished, yet there is scarcely a doubt that his hand is dyed as deeply in the blood of Senator Goebel as is Youtsey's, but partisan politics protects him, stays the hand of justice, and he goes free.—Kingston Messenger.

Some Texas papers passed some very severe criticism on Oklahoma for the lynching of the fugitive at Ada, on April 19th. This reproach may be no more than Oklahoma deserves; but how about Texas? Has she any room to make remarks. Only last week she had two lynchings, one at Marshall and the other at Tyler. Say, Texas, you ought to set the example for your youngest sister. You should not say a word when so many deeds of this kind have been committed within your borders in the last decades.—Madill News.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Former Lieutenant Governor of Kansas Loses His Life.

Salina, May 13.—A. P. Riddle, former lieutenant governor of Kansas, was killed in an automobile accident near here early today. Riddle was en route from Minneapolis, Kan., his home, to Salina on a pleasure drive accompanied by a party of four. The machine, which was driven by Thomas Thomas, struck an embankment about five miles north of Salina, throwing the occupants into a ditch. Riddle struck on his head and died in an hour. Other members of the party, all Minneapolis men, escaped with slight bruises and a severe shaking up. Riddle suffered greatly but maintained a brave front. Everything possible under the circumstances was done for him but without result and he died in the car an hour after the accident happened. He was conscious to the last and his dying words were for his wife.

"Kiss mama for me," he said and succumbed. The body was taken to Minneapolis today.

Notice to Warrant Holders.

All parties holding warrants issued by the Board of Education of the City of Ada, Oklahoma, from registered number 427 to 628 inclusive, also registered numbers 406 to 426 are requested to deliver them to me for cancellation and payment out of refunding bond issue.

W. D. HAYS, Treasurer.

H. R. Snyder and S. J. Haines, capitalists and property owners in Ada, are in our city from Petersburg, Indiana. Mr. Snyder visits Ada frequently and has many friends here who always welcome him in our midst.

STUBBLEFIELD COMPLIMENTED.

Durant News Speaks Highly of the New Baptist Divine.

There was a well filled house last night at the Baptist church to pay their respects and show their appreciation for Rev. Stubblefield, who after eight years of labor in Durant, having resigned the pastorate here, has accepted the same position at Ada.

The Ada church is indeed fortunate in getting his services, as would any church in this state be that could get him for a pastor.

The News has known him as a minister of God, as a man, and as a citizen. It has known his work, in every capacity, and if he has ever failed to measure up to the full standard of a Christian gentleman and a live, progressive, wide-awake and pushing citizen, we do not remember it.

He has done more good work here for humanity, for the town and for the cause of Christ during the eight years he has been here than the average minister ever does in a life time. We say this with all due respect to the ministry.

This success is due largely to his earnest and faithful work, to his big fund of hard horse sense, and to his manhood. He could always see things from the other man's standpoint, as well as from the standpoint of a minister, and could make friends from among the irreligious as well as the religious.

As an illustration of his manhood and his ability to see the other man's side of a question we wish to give one instance.

Several years ago Durant had a splendid base ball team, of which the people were very proud. Sunday ball playing was the rule not only here, but in every city in the state. There was a matched game between, if we remember right, Hugo and Durant, to be played on Sunday evening. The railroads were running special trains to see the game and the advertisements were all out.

The city council of Durant, to prevent this game, passed an ordinance making it a heavy fine to play ball on Sunday. This was done after the game had been arranged and the advertisements were out. Rev. Stubblefield and Rev. Dickey, the pastor of the Presbyterian church, both took the street and before the time for the game, had arranged with the council and officers that this game should be pulled off as scheduled and after that the law would go into effect.

It takes manhood in a minister to favor a ball game on Sunday under any conditions, but they had it, and in that way won the respect of the people who were not religious, not only personally, but won their respect for the cause these men represented.

Again we can say that Ada is fortunate in not only getting him as a citizen but in getting him as a pastor, and also getting his wife and family who are co-workers with him. We can commend them to the good people of Ada, and say that they leave with the love and respect of the people of Durant, regardless of church affiliation.

The News trusts that this move will be profitable and pleasant to all alike and that the good work done in Durant may be duplicated in Ada without any of the hardships and disappointments connected with the early years of his pastorate here.

DEPOSITORS GET BUMPED.

Bank Commissioner Places a Maximum of 4 Per Cent on Deposits.

Guthrie, Okla., May 13.—Bank Commissioner A. M. Young, who lately has attracted attention over the Southwest because of the vigor with which he is pushing the effectiveness of the Oklahoma bank guaranty law, has sent out a circular letter to banks which is believed to mark the beginning of the most daring step yet contemplated towards forcing the national banks not to exceed the state banks in inducements to depositors in the way of interest.

Mr. Young places a maximum limit of 4 per cent as interest which state banks may offer for deposits. Casually he inserts the following: "national banks paying a higher rate of interest than herein specified (4 per cent) will not be permitted to act as reserve agents for Oklahoma state banks."

As several national banks of Oklahoma are offering 6 per cent, and many five, this rule of the commissioner forces them either to forego this advantage or lose the deposits of state banks.

The program committee for Children's Day service will thank the mothers if they will see that their children who are in the Methodist Sunday school will be at the church to practice Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. D. E. Emerson and little son, from Chickasha, who have been visiting Mrs. G. A. Truitt, have gone to Sherman to attend the closing exercises of Kidd-Key college, where her daughter graduates.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL

Health is Worth Saving, and Some Ada People Know How to Save It.

Many Ada people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help. Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health, but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is an Ada citizen's recommendation.

Mrs. C. C. Nash, East Thirteenth St., Ada, Okla., says: "Different members of my family have used Doan's Kidney Pills procured at G. M. Ramsey's drug store, and in each instance the results of their use have been entirely satisfactory. We think that Doan's Kidney Pills are unequalled as a cure for kidney disorders. I cheerfully recommend this remedy to anyone suffering from kidney troubles."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

When you want what you want, when you want it, try a want ad in the News.

DR. WILSON

EYE, EAR NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST.

of Shawnee, will be in his office at Harris hotel the second and fourth Mondays in each month conclusively.

Legal Publications

Notice of the First Meeting of Creditors.

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Oklahoma, at Ada.

In the matter of E. P. Bryant of Roff, Oklahoma, Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of E. P. Bryant, a Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that, on the 21st day of April, 1909, the said E. P. Bryant was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office at Ada, Okla., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the 17th day of May, A. D., 1909, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

This 6th day of May, 1909.

A. H. CONSTANT,

Referee in Bankruptcy.

The Ada Weekly News, published at Ada, Oklahoma, is designated as the official paper in which all notices pertaining to this proceeding will be published.

(34-Std. in weekly on 13th.)

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

In the matter of the Guardianship of Nannie Ford.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of an order of the County Court of the County of Pontotoc, State of Oklahoma, made on the 5th day of May, 1909, the undersigned Guardian of the estate of Nannie Ford will sell at private sale to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by said court, on Saturday the 22nd day of May, A. D., 1909, at 11 o'clock A. M., at County Court House, Ada, Okla., all the right, title and interest of said Nannie Ford in and to the following described real estate situate in Pontotoc County, State of Oklahoma, to-wit: East one-half of the Southeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter, Sec. 17, Township (4) North, Range (8) East, containing (60) acres.

Said real estate will be sold on the following terms and conditions, to-wit: Cash at private sale.

Bids for the purchase thereof must be in writing and must be filed in the County Court, or delivered to the undersigned at law office of James E. Webb, Ada, Oklahoma.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1909.

JIM CARNEY.

(First pub. May 6—10td)

LEADING PROFESSIONAL MEN

LIGON & KING,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Bldg

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown

GALBRAITH & McKEOWN

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. T. H. GRANGER,

DENTIST.

Phone No. 212.

Rooms 1 and 2, First Nat'l Building

HOME ABSTRACT AND REAL ESTATE COMPANY.

General Abstract, Loan and Real Estate business. Fire and Tornado Insurance. Southern Surety Company of Oklahoma. Office in rear of First National bank.

DR. H. T. SAFFARRANS

DENTIST

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Office Phone 57. Res. 243

BROWALL & FAUST

GENERAL PRACTITIONERS

Surgery and Diseases of Women

Specialty.

Office in Conn Bldg, over Surprise

Store. Phone No. 172.

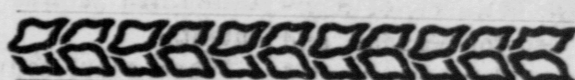
EDGAR S. RATLIFF

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

CONN-LITTLE BLDG.

Ada Oklahoma

YES, WE HAVE SOME WORK



—to do at Coalgate.

Will be in the city
of Ada every Wed-
nesday and Satur-
day night at home.
Hold your work and
we will save you
money :: :: ::



SHERMAN CONCRETE CO.

CHAPMAN

The Shoe Man

East Main Street, Ada. Okla.

Use White Swan and Wapco Brand of Goods

and you are sure of getting
the best on the market

Waples-Platter Grocer Co.

Ada, Oklahoma

Hot and Cold Stuff

Manufacturers of Ice
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coal
Long Distance Phone 29

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Note—We are doing business on a strictly cash basis. Please arrange to settle for Ice as it is delivered; drivers must either turn in cash or coupons. Buy Coupon Books as it will save you money after April 18th. Books for residences—200, 300 and 500 pounds.

Time to Buy

Preserving Things

Never before have we had a better assortment of all kinds of these goods. As for quality we guarantee no one handles a better line.

Fruit Jar Taps, Porcelain Lined, with Rubbers, 25c a dozen.

Extra Rubbers, for Fruit Jars, 5c a dozen.

Also we have the Double Thick Rubbers at 10c a dozen.

Jelly Glasses, with Tin Covers 25c and 30c a dozen.

Ball Mason, Glass, Fruit Jars all sizes and the prices right.

Good Values in Marbleized Enamelware.

A week or so ago I bought a lot of Enamelware at a very special price. I bought them for the purpose of giving you a bargain. So we can sell you any one of the following pieces at 48c.

6 Quart Tin Tea Kettle
10 Quart Water Pail
14 Quart Dish Pan
2 Quart Coffee Pot
5 Quart Lipped Preserving Kettle.

6 Quart Lipped Preserving Kettle.
6 Quart Berlin Preserving Kettle.
5 Quart German Preserving Kettle.

White Lined Marbleized Goods Choice 48c.

See our great variety of Queensware, Chinaware, Glassware, etc. Down to the Rock Bottom price. Come here for Baseball Goods and Fishing Tackle.

The Nickel Store and China Hall

S. M. SHAW, PROP.

WANTED!!

City Loans on improved property or to build with. Straight loans—semi-annual payments.

Abstracts made by experienced and competent abstracter. Quick service and reasonable charges.

We have some bargains in city property.

Farm loans at best rates and quickest time. Money paid over when papers are signed.

ADA TITLE & TRUST CO.

W. H. Ebey, President.

W. H. Braley, Secretary

THE Ada National Bank

wishes to call your attention to two

FACTS

It has ben under ONE continuous MANAGEMENT since the organization. Now in its NINTH year. The BANK that has helped to build ADA and assisted more FARMERS than any institution in—

Pontotoc County

TAKE A SURVEY

before you decide in buying real estate and see if you can find any investment more attractive than the property we are now offering in the Donaghey Addition. Here splendid homes are built and the rise in value is certain. We offer liberal terms of payment.



Hardin & Blanks.

DON'T PASS ME UP

when you need

Paint or Wall Paper

I have got more material than anyone else in the city. I will do you right. Let me show you.

SEE

DR. HOLLY or W. P. BRINLEE

CRESCENT DRUG STORE

INSURANCE!

LOANS

Careful Attention given to City Property entrusted to my care.

R. O. Wheeler

Insurance and Real Estate. Office Farmers State Bank.

The Daily News covers the city thoroughly. Try a want ad through its columns. Price 1 cent a word for 1st insertion and one-half cent a word each subsequent insertion.

Try a News "Want Ad."

PERSONAL COLUMN

Mrs. Felter of Francis was an Ada visitor today.

H. H. Woodard, from Konawa, is here today.

Kodaks to sell or rent at Ramsey's Drug store.

Miss Lucy Taylor went to Francis this afternoon.

Rev. Will Kendall is here from Konawa today.

Frank Jones, Sr., is in Ahloso today prospecting.

J. B. Wall returned today from Oklahoma City.

W. E. Mooney returned to Stonewall this morning.

Mrs. John Brown, from Stonewall, was an Ada visitor today.

A. L. Beck left this afternoon for a business trip in Kansas City.

Mrs. M. A. Rogers will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Chambers.

Rev. S. F. Goddard came down this morning from Holdenville.

"DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone Bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued."

Miss Wyatt, from Hydro, Okla., is visiting her cousins the Kale Bros.

C. E. Daggs, tinner and plumber, North Broadway, phone 279. 272-11

Ross Richardson and Lon Rea of Roff, were attending court in Ada today.

When you want what you want, when you want it, try a want ad in the News.

Mrs. R. Nelson and daughter, from Francis, are guests of Mrs. W. G. Broadfoot.

James Turner, prominent business man at Okemah, is in Ada, with a view to locating here.

S. C. Pritchell and G. S. Shepherd from the Center community called at the News sanctum today.

Miss Eva Laughlin returned yesterday from Dallas, where she has resided for several months.

Prof. Pierce went to Roff, where he will attend the closing exercises of the public schools this evening.

"DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone Bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued."

Mrs. Henry Beard, who has been the guest of Mrs. John Beard, returned Thursday to her home in Shawnee.

G. T. Howerton was called home on account of serious illness of his son. Hughey is reported to be improving today.

Miss Zona Cummings came down this morning to visit Miss Jewell Broadfoot and attend the recital tonight.

C. C. Nash has moved to his pretty new home in Sunrise. Frank Chambers will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Nash.

"DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone Bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued."

C. J. Warren, Frank Maddox and S. M. Torbett returned this morning from the bedside of Dr. H. Browall at Sherman.

Mrs. Ethel Shanafelt and her pupil, Isadore Rosenfield, went to Coalgate today, where they will give a recital tonight.

We have one hundred thousand pounds of the best flour that money can buy. \$3.35, \$3.25 and \$3.15 per 100 Aldrich & Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Van Eaton, of Stonewall, arrived here today to be present at the funeral of Dr. Browall tomorrow. Mrs. Van Eaton is a sister of Mrs. Dr. Browall.

Frank Chambers left this morning for Little Rock, Ark., to accompany his wife home. She has been visiting her parents there for a month.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Chastain, from Southern, Tex., are visiting Mrs. Chastains sister, Mrs. E. L. Steed and family. They are enroute to Tulsa, where they will reside permanently.

TILLMAN DINES WITH TAFT.

The Pitchfork Senator Dines at White House for First Time in Years.

Senator Tillman, he of pitchfork, fire eating fame, has actually dined at the White House—the first time in many years.

It was away back in 1902 that Senator Tillman was last invited to dine with a president. He was on the list of guests to dine with Prince Henry, of Prussia, but an unfortunate fistic encounter in the Senate with his colleague, Senator McLaughlin, prompted Roosevelt to recall the invitation.

From that time on began a war between Tillman and Roosevelt, finally terminating in the sensational charges being lodged against Senator Tillman by secret service agents regarding his alleged dealings in western lands and abuse of the franking privilege.

So personal grew the feeling between the two that it became generally known that any official favor shown Tillman aroused the temper of the president.

But President Taft seems a bigger man than he has been rated. He has shown a commendable desire to forget the Roosevelt mistakes and not punish the Roosevelt enemies with his official power.

The Tillman-Taft dinner can not, therefore, be welcome news to the former executive.

It is but a little incident—that dinner—but it is the little things that count, and in this instance it makes Taft appear much larger in the eyes of his countrymen; it marks the smashing of another one of 'my policies.'

CLOSING EXERCISES.

Beginning With Exercises at the Churches.

The first feature of the closing exercises of the Ada schools will be a sermon at the Methodist church next Sunday morning by Rev. J. D. White of the Presbyterian church. Tuesday evening the entertainment given by the grades will take place at the Alldome. The eighth grade graduating exercises will take place Thursday evening at the Christian church. The graduating exercises of the senior class is scheduled for Friday evening at the Methodist church.

At M. E. Church.

1. Voluntary—Spring Son, Mendelssohn; Traumerie, Schumann; Melody in F. Rubenstein.
2. Hymn—Come Thou Almighty King.
3. Infocation.
4. Spring Song—Henselt.
5. Lesson.
6. Quartette.
7. Sermon by Rev. White.
8. Hymn—All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name.
9. Benediction.

TO MEMPHIS REUNION.

Arrangements Being Made to Have Big Part Start from Sulphur.

Ex-Governor Wm. M. Guy, of Sulphur, was in Ada yesterday and called at the News office. He states the operations are on to have a good crowd go from Sulphur to the confederate reunion at Memphis. It is arranged so that Pullman tickets can be purchased at Sulphur for \$13.00 good for the round trip; with the privilege of using the Pullmans on the tracks at Memphis during the reunion. Without the sleeper accommodation it is understood that the fare will be \$11.00.

At these rates practically every one who desires to make this trip can do so. Ada should get busy and be represented in the Oklahoma delegations.

Preacher's New Home.

Rev. C. C. Barnhardt and wife are ensconced in the new home just completed by the members of the Asbury Methodist church on North side. The parsonage is a nice, six-room house on the lot west of the church and will be a comfortable home for the pastor of that church. The ladies have added \$150.00 worth of furniture.

Children's Day Service.

The Children's Day service for the First Methodist church will be held Sunday night, May 16. All the children of the Sunday school will participate in this service, and the presence of their parents will be appreciated and will lend encouragement to the members of the Sunday school. The greater part of the program will be rendered by the primary classes.

Asbury Church.

Children's Day service at Asbury Methodist church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Fathers and mothers, you are expected to be there to see how well the children work. Your presence will help the children, then will you refrain from lending a helping hand? C. C. Barnhardt, Pastor.

WANTS

Advertising under this head will be charged at following rates:

One insertion, per word.....1c
Additional insertions, per word.....1-2c

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Six room house in Sunrise. Apply to W. W. Sledge.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light house keeping. Mrs. Julia Arnold, 13th and Cherry. 403t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good mantle folding bed. Mrs. M. D. Steiner, W. 14th St.

LOST.

LOST—on the streets of Ada a gold matrix stick pin, finder please return to News office and receive liberal reward. 11

WANTED.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman in each county to advertise, receive orders and manage business for New York Mail Order House. \$18.00 Weekly, position permanent; no investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging. Spare time valuable. Enclose self addressed envelope for full particulars. Address, Clarke Co., Wholesale Dept., 103 Park Ave., New York. 37-101

CEMENT NEWS COLUMN

NEWS CONCERNING ADA'S GREAT PORTLAND CEMENT MILL ITS EMPLOYEES AND THEIR FAMILIES.

Roy Guest of the machine shop was called home on account of the illness of his wife.

Chas. Fisk of the carpenter shop has returned to work after being off. S. W. Murphy at the clinker cooler went home this morning sick.

The grading for the extension of the 300 feet on roading cut at the packing house has been finished and the laying of the steel has begun, this will give the plant storage for 24 empty box cars ready for loading of cement.

Construction work throughout the plant is progressing rapidly. Work has begun on raw mill foundation for the new fuller mills, the designs for the extension for present raw material bins over these mills has been finished and construction will begin immediately. These bins will add a storage capacity of four hundred thousand pounds to present bins and will have a storage for an 18 hours run for the fuller mills.

Concrete Work

We do anything that is done with cement

SIDEWALKS A SPECIALTY

Figure with us on your work. All work guaranteed.

Bert Hahn

CONSTRUCTION CO.
Office Dorland Hotel

If you are in need of

- A LAWN MOWER,
- A LAWN HOSE,
- A WATER COOLER,
- A REFRIGERATOR,
- AN OIL OR GASOLINE STOVE,
- POULTRY NETTING,
- SCREEN WIRE, OR
- ANYTHING ELSE IN THE HARDWARE LINE, YOU CAN GET IT AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES FROM

COLLINS & DAUGHERTY

ADA, OKLA.

Why Not Now

Put in Those Electric Lights

That you have been promising your good wife and yourself? Why not enjoy one of the comforts of this life that is within your reach?

Ada Electric & Gas. Co.

S. Broadway ADA, OKLA. Phone 78

In Selecting a Bank

with which to do your business the first consideration is the character and standing of its officers and directors and the financial resources of the Bank.

Judged by these standards your confidence and patronage are merited by the

First National Bank of Ada

P. A. Norris, Pres. H. T. Douglas, V. P.
M. D. Timberlake, Cashier

ICE CREAM HOME PRODUCT

We have our own Dairy and up-to-date Ice Cream Factory. Both are run under the inspection of the Pure Food Law. Our factory is in charge of one of the best cream makers that is obtainable. Previous to coming to us Mr. Prescott had charge of one of the largest factories in Kansas City. We put up the goods. With all the above advantages, why shouldn't we? Insist on cream made at our factory and you will not only get the best, but are patronizing a growing home industry.

R. L. McGUYRE, Prop.

PURITY ICE CREAM CO.

H. WEST

GEO. A. HARRISON

Real Estate Farm Loans, Bonds Insurance

We Buy, Sell and Rent Farm and City Property

WEST & HARRISON

South Main Street

SOME REASONS WHY IT PAYS

THE FARMER TO HAVE A TELEPHONE

The dollars saved keeping in touch with the markets will pay the price many fold.

In case of an emergency when a doctor or neighbor is needed, life or property may be saved.

The telephone has done away with the old time isolation that handicapped social life in the country and drove young people to the city.

It is then a saver of life, money and property and is a pleasure to all the family. For information regarding rates and manner of securing the service consult with your nearest local manager.

PIONEER TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

FULL LINE OF

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

We buy for cash and sell for cash and divide our profit with our customers

ALDRICH & THOMPSON

Phone 303

HUNTING BIG GAME IN EAST AFRICA

Lion Shooting in Somaliland

By Lord Delamere

Foremost among the great hunting authorities of the English speaking world is Lord Delamere. He is credited with being the heaviest killer in the party which bagged the record number of African lions some few years ago. In East Central Africa his prowess is familiar to every native. Not long ago a locality beset with lions sent a delegation four hundred miles to call on Lord Delamere to ask him to come and wipe out the destroyers of their cattle. In this article he vividly contrasts the theory and practice of lion hunting in the region which Ex-President Roosevelt will invade.

THE best piece of lion tracking I ever saw lasted five full hours and is so memorable in several respects that I purpose to use it as an introduction to that general method of lion hunting.

Two of my men got badly mauled by a lion, so our camp had to stop where it was till they could be moved. After a time one of them was able to walk about with his arm in a sling, and the other was getting on well, so one night I decided to leave the big camp next day and go with two or three camels to some villages only a day's march away. Early the next morning Mahomed Noor, the headman, started with the camels. I stopped behind to get some breakfast. Just as we were going to follow, a camelman, who had gone up the river-bed close by to get some water, came running back to say that a lion had been down to drink at one of the shallow sand wells in the night. I started at once with Abdullah and two other trackers, telling my pony-boy to follow on as soon as he could get the pony saddled. When tracking, I have always found it the best plan to have the pony led some distance behind. The boy ought to have no difficulty in following the tracks of two or three men and a lion, and if the pony is kept close up, it is sure to stamp or blow its nose at the critical moment.

When we got to the well there was the spoor plain enough in the sand, but rather blurred by some rain which had fallen at daybreak. This made the tracking a little difficult after we left the river-bed, but when we had followed it slowly for some distance, we came to a place where the lion had lain down under a thick bush, evidently to shelter from the rain, as the spoor after this was quiet distinct on the top of the damp ground. This made us think we were in for a short track, for it must have been light when the lion went on again from here, and lions generally lie up shortly after the sun rises; but this day proved an exception, because it was cloudy and cool through the forenoon.

Trailing the King of Beasts.

The spoor now led us along a sandy path, where we could follow it as fast as we could walk. When it turned off into the bush we quite expected to see the lion at any moment; but not a bit of it—he wandered about through endless clumps of mimosa and "irgin" bushes, as if he did not mean to lie up at all.

The track at last led us down a little sandy watercourse, which it followed for some distance. Up to this time we had had no real difficulty in making it out, but now came our first serious check. The nullah turned off along the side of a stony ridge, and, instead of going along it, the lion had turned up the hill. We had got the general direction of the lion had been going in, but this was no good to us, as on casting forward in the same line to the bottom of the other side of the ridge where there was some sandy ground, we could find no sign of his having passed in that direction. We spent some time hunting about, growing less hopeful as time went on. A man following a trail by sight certainly has an enormous advantage over a hound hunting it by nose, because time is of no particular object to him, and every direction can be tried in turn. After making out eastward we went back to the little water-course, and followed that down for some distance, hoping that the lion had turned down

hill again; but here, too, we were disappointed, and gravitated back to where we had first lost the spoor. We knew that the lion had not gone straight on, nor had he turned back; he must have gone along the top of the ridge and then crossed into other stony hills, where it was hopeless to try to track him.

Abdullah, who is never defeated, said there was a big river-bed further on in the direction in which the lion was going. It seemed a very slender chance, as he might have turned off anywhere in between, but it was the only one, so off we went. We were evidently in luck that day, for we had only gone about a quarter of a mile when we struck the spoor. The lion seemed now to have made up his mind as to his direction, for he kept on straight down the middle of the river-bed. The sun had come out from behind the clouds, and in places the sand was very deep, so that we were not sorry when at last the track led into a little island of bush in the great flat sand. There was no doubt the lion was at home, for on casting round no sign was perceptible of a track coming out. The island, raised a little above the river-bed, was formed of a mass of thick-tangled bush and creepers clustered round a few big trees. The water coming down the river after heavy rain had washed it roughly into the form of a triangle, the apex of which pointed up the river. From this point the sides widened out to the other end, which was about thirty yards broad, the whole length being somewhat under a hundred yards.

Driving the Lion to Bay.

The shape made it an easy place to drive, for a little way out from the

quite unable to move. All the life in him seemed concentrated in his eyes, which glared at us furiously. Another shot put him out of his misery. The first shot, a very bad one, had grazed the spine just in front of the withers; another quarter of an inch higher and it would have missed altogether.

This lion was quite manless, except for a few long hairs on each side of the neck, and his teeth were worn down quite short, so he was evidently very old. He was in very good condition, notwithstanding, but his stomach was quite empty, which accounted for his going so far before lying up. We had to stop at the main camp for the night when we got there, and did not follow up our camels till the next day. I have described this track rather at length because it is a good example of many similar days.

Perils of the Man Eater.

My first experience in tracking lions was early in 1892, and the night before was rather an exciting one. After hunting elephants unsuccessfully for about a month, we were on our way south, when we arrived one day at some villages where the natives had been very much bothered by five lions which were said to be still in the neighborhood. A girl had been killed two days before, and an enormous amount of damage had been done among the sheep and cattle. The first day we camped there two of our party had shooting zerebas made at the village to which the lions generally came, and just before sunset they went off there.

I tied up our two donkeys just outside the camp, on the chance that the lions might come and look us up. Just after dark we were having dinner in the tent when there was a scuffle out-

We had a shot or two at the sound, and the beasts, whatever they were, went away. As at that time we knew nothing about lions, we were not quite sure that they were not hyenas after all; but Abdullah stuck to it they were lions, so we got our beds and lay down one on each side of the opening, just behind the fence to watch, hoping that the brutes would come back. Nothing further happened, however. At daybreak we sallied out to see if by any chance we had managed to hit a lion, but we only found two or three dead hyenas. One of these brutes had been partly eaten; we thought at the time by other hyenas, as it was still too dark to make out tracks. We came to the conclusion we had made idiots of ourselves, and had been shooting all night at hyenas, and we did not feel any the better when our friends came back from their night at the village and told us we had probably frightened every lion out of the country by our bombardment.

Reading the Lion Tracks.

Abdullah still insisted that there had been lions round the camp, and a little later we found the spoor of one big lion by the body of the half-eaten hyena. The ground was very stony and there were no other tracks to be seen, but one lion could hardly have dragged the donkey and heavy barrel away so quickly, so there were probably more. The other hunters had got hold of a man at the village who said he knew where the lions always lay, so they went with him. Soon after they left, Abdullah, who had been hunting about, came and told me that he had picked up the track of one lion on soft ground a little way from camp, and that we ought

I shot, but so badly that I wasted seven bullets at different ranges without touching her. The first six did not seem to annoy her at all, but the last hit the ground just under her teeth, and either the bullet so close, frightened her or a stone hit her, for she sprang off with a snarl and a flourish of her tail and, putting on the pace, in a minute or two ran clean away from us. I was terribly disappointed and annoyed with myself, and I thought of course, that everything was over for the day after all this shooting; but Abdullah, who was almost weeping, hardly gave me time to get my wind a little before he rushed me back again. As we ran round the place where we had first seen the lioness, a fine lion appeared walking slowly out of another thicket towards us. As I shot, he turned and plunged through an opening in the bushes to our right. We ran round an outstanding bush to head him if he broke out, and met a lion facing us. Just as I fired I heard a moan to the right, so I was sure it was not the same lion. This one staggered away at the shot and fell stone dead close by.

Death of the Jungle Lord.

Abdullah called up Jama and the pony boy, and they soon had the hide off and tied on the pony. I thought all the time that Abdullah knew all about the other one, but as he seemed to be going right home, I asked him if we had not better go and look for it, and he replied that it was the same lion all the time, and that I had missed it the first shot. I did not feel quite sure about it myself, but the moan in the bushes could only have come from a wounded beast, so I told him we had better go and look anyway. He evidently thought it was waste of time, but when we got back to where the lion had been hit we soon found some blood, and going quietly down a little path between the "irgin" bushes we came round a corner almost on top of the lion. He was stone dead. I was very pleased at scoring off Abdullah, as he had shown such evident disgust at my shooting.

We met one of our party on our way back to camp, and told him he might run across the lioness if he followed our track back to the place we had come from. An hour after we got back to camp he came galloping up, having seen two lions, curiously enough both males, and had shot one with a better mane than either of mine.

I have at another time described

steal forward until the lion is sighted or ringed in a small clump of bush. Then, when all is over, and the skin is being taken off, how pleasant it is to sit in the shade, listening to the excited talk of the natives, and letting your nerves quiet down again after the hopes and fears of the morning. You ride home to camp with the lion skin behind your saddle, while one of your men after another gives his version of the morning's proceedings in a hunting song. On the other hand, when you get a shot, and miss after a long and difficult track, it seems as if any number of lions killed in the future will never make up for the loss of this one, which is always the biggest lion, carrying the finest mane you have ever seen. The ride home to camp is then a silent one, as no lion means no sheep for the men, and they are correspondingly downhearted.

The first thing to be done in tracking is to find fresh spoor. Natives will often bring news of spoor, but unluckily the average villager's idea of a fresh track is rather hazy. I have several times gone a long way to find at the end a track several days old. On one occasion two natives arrived, saying there were fresh lion tracks in a river-bed, luckily not more than half a mile from camp, but when we got there the fresh lion tracks turned out to be the spoor of two hyenas, at least a week old.

The spoor of the large spotted hyena is not unlike that of a lioness on certain ground, but the difference can easily be told, because a hyena has claws like a dog, whereas the retractive claws of a lion are always sheathed and leave no mark. The best way to find spoor is to look for it yourself with good trackers. Should there be any villages near camp which lions have been in the habit of raiding it is very necessary to get there as early as possible in the morning. If once the large flocks of sheep and goats and herds of camels which have been shut up in the villages all right are let out, the ground all about is a mass of indistinguishable footprints, and every path from the village is choked with long strings of beasts going off to their feeding grounds. Hitting off a lion's spoor under these circumstances is almost impossible, and the dust raised by the herds is very disagreeable.

Besides villages, any well in the neighborhood is a good place to look for spoor. If a lion is about there ought to be no difficulty in picking up his spoor within a day or two.

Baffling Ways of the Jungle Folk.

Rather curious coincidences are sometimes brought to light by spoor. Not very long after the date of the story just related, one of our party went to a place where two lions had been killing regularly, and sat up two nights for them with a donkey as bait. The lions must have left the district for a day or two while he was there, as there were no fresh tracks to be found anywhere about. The day after he came back to camp I happened to ride out in that direction. Soon after we started we came on the spoor of two lions, which led us along a path till we came to the shooting zereba. The night after he had left, the lions had walked over the very spot where his donkey had been tied up in the middle of the path.

A little later, again, I happened to be at a place where he had camped a few days before. A lion roared near my camp several times in the night, and next morning I heard he had taken a sheep from a village close by. We picked up his spoor in a river-bed near the camp, and after following it for some distance came to some wells. The lion had drunk twice, and between the drinks had laid down under the fence of a shooting zereba, which had been made to watch the water. After drinking the second time he had gone away.

Now and then when tracking you come across places where lions have killed, and if it is on sand or bare soil, you can tell everything that has happened almost as well as if you had seen it. We were camped once on the edge of a river-bed and thick covert ran right down to the back of the camp. One night there was a tremendous scuffling in these bushes, so in the morning I went out to see what had been going on, and found that two lions had been chasing a warthog, which had just saved its bacon by getting underground. It must have been a very near thing, as the lions had ploughed great furrows in the sand at the mouth of the hole, showing they had pulled up pretty sharp. Warthogs generally go to ground when pursued, and as there is no second opening to the burrows, and presumably no chamber at the end where they can turn, they always go in backwards. This has actually been seen by sportsmen who have been riding after them with a spear. I should think this pig can hardly have had the time to do this. Perhaps he got jammed in head first, as he refused to be smoked out when we tried it.

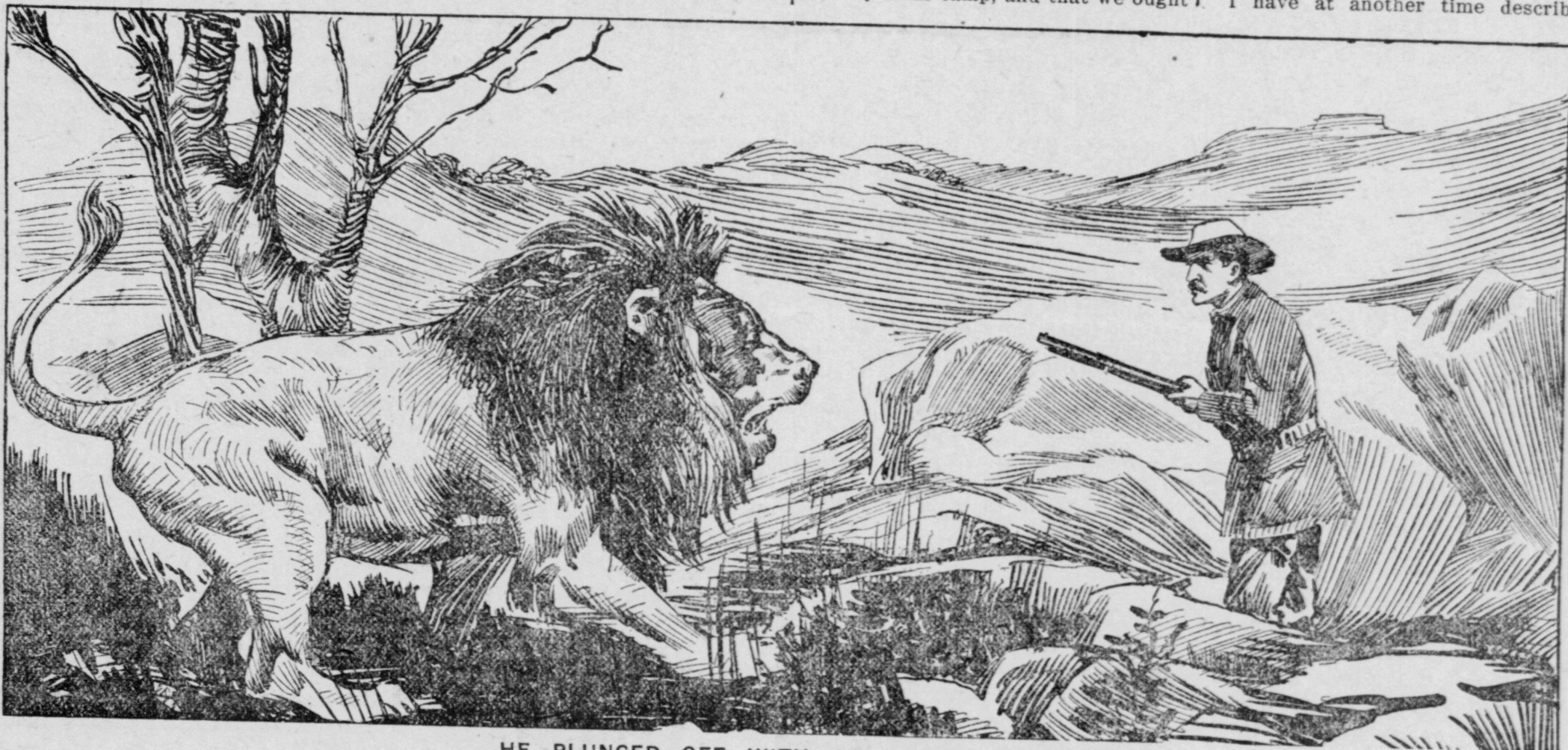
By permission of Longmans, Green & Co., New York.
(Copyright, 1909, by Benj. B. Hampton.)

Agitation regarding the pay of French military officers has had some effect, for the minister of war has asked for an extraordinary credit of \$400,000 to supplement the pay of the officers, which has not been increased since 1870. In that time nearly every grade of state official has had his stipend raised, but the sub-lieutenant has had to make both ends meet as best he could with six francs a day and the lieutenant with eight.

Hospitable.

She—And did you enjoy your African trip, major? How do you like the savages?

He—Oh, they were extremely kind-hearted! They wanted to keep me there for dinner.



HE PLUNGED OFF WITH AN ANGRY SNARL.

point one could easily command the whole of it. The lion was almost certain to break out of one of the sides towards the bush on the banks of the river-bed, in which case I should get an easy broadside shot. If we followed the track into the place, the noise we were sure to make would be very likely to get the beast on his legs, and he would sneak out at one side as we went in at the other, especially as the water had left a lot of dead sticks along the edges, over which it would be impossible to walk quietly. Abdullah also said that from the way he had wandered about this lion must be very hungry, and would sleep lightly. These considerations decided us to drive. I posted myself with Abdullah a few yards out from the point, and the other two men, having collected some stones, began throwing them in at the far end. Abdullah was right about this lion sleeping lightly; for at the first stone there was a growl and a crash in the bushes, and then, for a minute or two, not a sound. The men started to walk down, one on each side, shooting and throwing in stones. I was watching them, and wondering what had happened to the lion, when there was a faint crackling just in front of us, and he appeared at the point of the island. Although we were standing within a few yards of him, and absolutely in the open, he did not see us.

He was facing straight towards us, and was so close that I did not like to fire at him as, on receiving the bullet, he would be very likely to plunge in the direction he was going and be into us; nor did I want him to come any closer; so, as he stepped down on to the sand, I moved my rifle up towards my shoulder to attract his attention. He saw the movement at once, stopped dead, and turned his head sharply towards us. For the fraction of a second I thought he was going to be startled into charging, but he plunged off to the left with an angry snarl at us over his shoulder. As he passed I pulled, and he skated along on his stomach and fell down a little ledge in the sand. This slewed him round, and he lay facing us, spread-eagled on the sand, evidently

side, and it was evident that something was attacking our donkeys. It was pitch dark, and we fired several shots in the direction of the sound before we discovered that the attacking beasts were hyenas. We did not mind having a donkey killed instantaneously by a lion, but we had not bargained for the poor beasts getting mauled by hyenas, so taking a lamp we went out to see what had happened. My donkey had got off with a nasty bite in the hollow of the hind leg above the hock, and we had him taken into the camp at once. The other was completely disembowelled and must have been killed instantly. We could not find any dead hyenas, but we were pretty sure that one, or two must have been hit. Seeing that if the lions did come to the dead donkey there would not be much chance of hitting them on so dark a night, we pulled the carcass right under the skerm or fence round the camp, and, to prevent hyenas dragging it away, tied a rope to one of its legs, and, passing it over the fence, fastened it to a heavy water barrel inside the camp. We sat up for a bit and got a few shots at hyenas, and then we went to bed, telling the sentry to keep a sharp lookout and to let us know if lions came to the carcass.

Some time after I awoke to find Abdullah bending over me, with my rifle in his hand. He was frightfully excited, and all I could get out of him was "Libah, sahib, libah!" ("Lion, sir, lion!") Jumping up I rushed out just as my companion fired two shots into the darkness. The first thing I saw when I got to where he stood was that a great piece of the skerm round the camp had disappeared, leaving a broad gap. I could not for a moment think what had happened, and then it struck me that when the carcass had been dragged away the water barrel must have got hitched against the inside of the interlaced mimosa boughs and the whole lot had gone together. It was frightfully dark outside, and we stood peering out for some time without being able to distinguish anything; but after a few minutes we could hear something tearing at the flesh quite close by.

to follow it. At that time none of us knew much about tracking, and we had had such bad luck after the elephants that we did not think much of our shikaries, and I did not think it was much good, Abdullah persuaded me and I went. After we had followed the track for some distance I quite caught his enthusiasm, and when the single track was joined by three others, I was divided between delight at the prospect of having four lions all to myself and the thought that perhaps I had more on my hands than I could manage alone.

After a track of about an hour we came in sight of two or three big thickets of "irgin" bushes surrounded by open mimosa scrub and intersected by narrow paths. My second shikari at that time was a very tall fellow, called Jama, with enormous feet. Several times during the track Abdullah had turned round to pitch into him for making such a noise, and now he confided to me that "Jama walk all same cow," and that we had better leave him behind here with the pony and boy, as the lions were sure to be in the place in front of us. Knowing nothing about it, I agreed and went on with Abdullah. We were walking quietly along the outside of one of the thickets when Abdullah suddenly clutched me by the arm and pointed towards a tree standing on the edge of the bush yards off. The tree was divided into two towards the bottom, and the sun was throwing the shadow of a bush on the ground inside the hollow.

This was where Abdullah was pointing, getting more excited but I could make out nothing at all, until a great yellow beast moved suddenly out of the shadow and slipped away on the far side. I fired from the hip, letting off both barrels into the tree. We rushed round to the other side of the thicket just in time to see a fine lioness come out. I could not get a clear shot at once, and when I did, after running some distance, I was shaking so that I could not get on her at all, and missed. She kept lobbing along just ahead, every now and then stopping to look around and show her teeth at us. Each time she stopped

two different methods of hunting lions. One of them could hardly be called a method at all, as it depended on news brought in by natives as to where a lion had actually been seen. The second plan consisted of tying up a donkey for a bait, and sitting up to watch at night. A much more interesting way of hunting lions than either of these and a very successful one if the native shikaries employed are any good, is this process of tracking them. A lion lies up in some cool, shady place for the day, unless the sky is overcast and the sun cannot get out, when he will occasionally be found hunting at any hour. If you can strike his spoor of the night before there is a very good chance of following it up to where the lion lies, should the ground be suitable. There is no form of hunting so exciting as this. When the spoor is found there is generally nothing to show if you have struck it early or late in the lion's wanderings, so that it is quite a chance whether it leads you for hours over all sorts of country, or whether, after half a mile down on a sandy river bed or path, it turns off into a thick patch of reeds or bush close by, where the lion is lying. It is extraordinary how the excitement grows as time goes on, and still you keep the track sometimes very slowly, where only now and then part of a footprint can be seen on a soft place between the stones, at other times as fast as you can walk over soil where the track is visible many yards ahead. And when the spoor is lost and minute after minute goes by while you cast about vainly in every direction, how wretched you are, and how quickly your spirits rise again when a low whistle or snapping of the fingers announces that one of the trackers has hit it off further on!

At last certain signs show that you are getting near the end; the trackers take off their sandals and tuck up their loin-cloths under their belts, lest a corner flapping in the wind should scare the lion. For the first time you take your rifle from the native who has had charge of it, and, with your head shikari carrying a second rifle,

TEXAS COURTS DO NOT UPHOLD LYNCHING

WITH DRAWN REVOLVERS RANGERS ESCORT MEN TO JAIL.

Shots Are Fired to Keep Crowds Away from the County Bastile at Tyler.

Tyler, Tex., May 13.—At a conference tonight attorneys decided to sue out a writ of habeas corpus before the Court of Criminal Appeals at Austin, seeking the release of the six men remanded to jail without bail here today by Judge Simpson, sitting as a Magistrate, in connection with the lynching of a negro at this place the first of May. It will probably take three weeks to perfect this action at law. Participating in the conference were N. A. Gentry, W. L. Dean and Cone Johnson. Mr. Johnson had represented R. E. Bryan during the hearing before Judge Simpson. Mr. Johnson's client was dismissed and the attorney was asked into the conference with the others tonight at which the decision was reached.

When Capt. Rogers and his state rangers appeared outside the court room with their prisoners, following the decision of District Judge Simpson to remand to jail without bail six of those accused of complicity in the lynching of the negro here May 1, he was greeted by a considerable crowd, which jeered at the party. But revolvers were promptly drawn and the men taken in safety to the Smith county jail. Later a large crowd congregated in the vicinity of the jail and it became necessary to fire two shots into the air to warn them away. The authorities believe this crowd congregated through simple curiosity, but it was thought best to disperse it. Tonight groups of men were seen in the streets discussing the cases, but no trouble is anticipated.

Simpson Condemns Lynching.
In his remarks previous to making the decision, Judge Simpson, who was sitting as a Magistrate, roundly scolded violations of the law of the specific character on lynching and declared that so long as he was on the bench he would use his power to bring to justice the perpetrators of such deeds.

Of those who had been detained in connection with the lynching, R. E. Bryan and Audrey Campbell were discharged. Lewis Adams, Ross Ford and Horace Turner were granted bail in the sum of \$5,000 each, which they made. They have been released. Those held to the grand jury without bail are H. P. Lindley, Joe Mattesota, Lewis Francis, Horace Austin, Birdo Pylon and Henry Lloydbrook. They will be held pending action at the next term of the district court, which will convene June 21.

Construction Company.
Mr. A. O. Potter of the Bert Hahn Construction Co., is in the city with headquarters at the Dorland hotel. They are ready to take contracts for any kind of cement work, and especially for side walks. See their ad in this issue.

It Makes No Difference



How Careful you are, the Red Bites will get in. But you don't need to be bothered with them, for RED CIDE destroys bed bugs and all other vermin. 25c Bottle.

RED CEDAR FLAKES destroys Moths. Pleasant to use. 15c package.



Try our Ant, Bug and Roach Food. 10, 15 and 25c boxes.

Gwin & Mays Co.

The Ada Drugists—The Rexall Store
"WE RUN A DRUG STORE AND NOTHING MORE."

DR. H. BROWALL DIES AT SHERMAN

PASSES AWAY AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK IN PRESENCE OF WIFE AND FRIENDS.

Dies in Less Than One Week After Contracting Blood Poison in Surgical Operation.

The many friends of Dr. H. Browall were shocked and grieved upon receipt of a message today stating that he had died at eleven o'clock in Saint Vincent's Sanitarium at Sherman, Tex., from the effect of blood poisoning, contracted while performing a surgical operation on the person of Mr. Tarkington, of this place, last Sunday morning.

It seemed that the case was serious from the start, consequently no time was lost in getting the doctor under treatment. Dr. Neathery, of Sherman, was telephoned for Monday, and on Monday evening he accompanied Dr. Browall to Sherman where he was operated on at once. He was followed by Mrs. Browall Tuesday evening, who remained at his bedside to the end. There were also present at the death Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bledsoe, of Ardmore, Mrs. S. M. Torbert and Dr. W. D. Faust of Ada, Mr. Torbett, Mr. Warren and Mr. Maddox having returned from there this morning. At 8:30 last evening the doctor was rational and had good hopes of recovery, but it seems that this was only a prelude to the worst.

The remains will arrive here at 9:15 tomorrow morning on the north bound Frisco, funeral services will be held at 3:00 p. m. from the Methodist church, and it is thought now that the burial will take place immediately, though arrangements for funeral and burial cannot be completed until the arrival of Mrs. Browall. Rev. John A. Williams, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place but now of Durant, and a strong friend of the family, will conduct the services.

Dr. Browall was a native of Sweden and was 37 years of age. He attended medical college in Stockholm and came to the United States to establish himself in the practice of his profession, locating in Wisconsin. For some time he did practice in leading hospitals at Merriville and Waukesha, coming to Ada December 1st, 1901. The doctor built for himself a good practice from the start, and about four years ago formed a partnership with Dr. W. D. Faust, being partners in practice to the time of Dr. Browall's death.

On February 21st, 1905, he was married to Mrs. Latta, widow of Ed L. Latta, an early resident and business man of this city. Mrs. Browall's maiden name was Miss Mabel Smith, whose mother now resides at Ardmore.

Dr. and Mrs. Browall lived happily together and were the parents of a bright baby boy about seven months of age, being named in full for his father. They had in Ada a strong following of friends, and while sympathy is poor balm in hours like these, Mrs. Browall and baby son will have their full share.

Dr. Browall was a member of the Elks and a prominent figure in social circles. He was in fair circumstances financially and it is understood that he carried both life and accident insurance.

GENERAL ORDER NUMBER SEVEN.

Notice to the United Confederate Veterans, Through Out the State of Oklahoma.

I have designated June 3rd, the Anniversary of the birth of our president, Jefferson Davis, as decoration day.

It is my earnest wish and request that every camp, wherever there is a Confederate soldier buried, that the sympathizers and the members of the Organization have some kind of a service and decorate the graves of our comrades who have passed over the river.

I hope that this order will be observed throughout the entire state.

By order of Wm. M. Cross, Major General. Attest: John L. Galt, Adjutant General and Chief of Staff, United Confederate Veterans.

When you want what you want, when you want it, try a want ad in the News.

TULSA GRAND JURY MUST BE SHOWN

INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE JURY WILL BE FAIR.

That Governor Haskell and Associates Acted in Good Faith Is Not Doubted.

Tulsa, Ok., May 13.—That the federal grand jury now investigating into the scheduling of Muskogee town lots will have to be shown before any indictments are returned is evidenced from what took place in court here today. The defense has all along insisted that Gov. Haskell and his associates acted in good faith in the scheduling of Muskogee lots and that they were governed to a certain extent by the advice and instructions given them by the townsites commission—that if an offense was committed it was not with criminal intent.

When court convened this morning the grand jury appeared before Judge Marshall and asked for additional instructions on the law of intent, good faith, deception, etc. The charge of the court on these points was clear and concise, the substance of it being that the accused should have acted according to the law as set down by congress for the scheduling of the lots.

The witnesses from Danville, Va., were all examined today and it is probable that they will leave for home this evening.

Messrs. Dwight Tuttle, chairman of townsites commission, Ben Marshall and John Adams, both of Muskogee, and the other members of the commission will testify before the jury. More witnesses are arriving daily. Indictment Drawer Pagen is now here. The Ohio witnesses are arriving this afternoon.

M. P. Early of Muskogee, connected with the Indian agency there, and who had charge of all the records of the townsites commission at the time of the scheduling of lots in Creek nation towns, was the first witness before the grand jury yesterday. Most of the afternoon was consumed with his testimony. He was followed by Thomas Hamlin and E. E. Bonding of Danville, Va.

DISCRIMINATION IN RATES.

Cotton Seed Oil Mills of Oklahoma Get in Behind the Railroads.

A petition alleging that twenty-five railroads of Oklahoma give cheaper rates to Fort Smith, Memphis, Little Rock, New Orleans, St. Louis and Kansas City than to Oklahoma points on cotton seed oil, cotton seed meal and cake, was filed before the interstate commerce commission yesterday by Flynn & Ames, attorneys of Oklahoma City. Thirty cotton seed oil mills in Oklahoma are plaintiffs in the complaint against the railroads in and out of the state.

The plaintiffs are all corporations and represent practically every cotton seed oil mill in the state. Each railroad operating in the state is made defendant, as are most of those leading to the principal cotton seed oil markets. The petition alleges that the rates are discriminatory and that Oklahoma points, where the shipments of cotton seed originate, should be given lower rates. Reductions in rates are asked on cotton seed and the by-products.

NO PROHIBITION YET.

Senate and House of Missouri Legislature Disagree on Issue.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 13.—After many hours' debate tonight, the senate and house conference committee decided it could not agree on the state wide prohibition amendment. Tomorrow the members of the committee will ask to be discharged.

With the disagreement tonight there now seems to be no hope of the legislature submitting the amendment to the people at this session.

Lynching.

Summitt, Miss., May 13.—Without having committed any crime so far as is known, John Rist, negro, was hanged to a tree and his body was found near here Thursday. A mass meeting of citizens was held and the affair was denounced as a murder. A reward for the capture of the perpetrators is offered.

No Reclat Tonight.
Owing to the death of Dr. Browall Miss Garrott has postponed her reclat which was to have been given at the Aldome tonight. It will probably be given Monday or Wednesday night. Announcements will be made later.

MEDICAL MEETING AT TULSA IN 1910

STRENUOUS MEETING OF THE ASSOCIATION JUST CLOSED.

New Officers Are Elected and Work for Coming Year Outlined.

Oklahoma City, May 14.—With the state board of health and the board of state medical examiners combined on candidates for the offices in the Oklahoma State Medical associations was not able to muster strength to defeat the slate. The election of officers was the first order of business Thursday, but it was noon before the balloting was over, and the fight was spirited during the entire session. Tulsa was selected for the 1910 meeting.

The following men were elected to direct the affairs of the association the coming year.

President—Dr. W. C. Bradford, Shawnee.
First vice president—Dr. A. D. Reed, Tulsa.

Second vice president—Dr. D. A. Myers, Lawton.

Third vice president—Dr. J. W. Duke, Guthrie.

Secretary-Treasurer—Dr. C. A. Thompson, Muskogee.

COUNSELLORS.

First district—Dr. J. A. Walker, Shawnee.

Second district—Dr. J. W. Duke, Guthrie.

Third district—Dr. C. R. Rame, Ardmore.

Fourth district—Dr. A. B. Fair, Fredrick.

Fifth district—Dr. E. R. Sutton, Bartlesville.

Sixth district—Dr. W. G. Blake, Tahlequah.

Seventh district—Dr. I. W. Robertson, Dustin.

Eighth district—Dr. H. P. Wilson, Wynnewood.

Ninth district—Dr. J. S. Fulton, Aroka.

Delegate to the American Medical Association—Dr. H. A. Hahn, Guthrie.

Alternate—Dr. A. L. Reeder, Tulsa.

The hardest battle of the convention was over the election of secretary of the association and seven candidates were nominated, but on the first ballot Dr. C. A. Thompson won by a majority of six. At the afternoon session committee reports were received and resolution adopted commending the local physicians and the citizens for the preparation and the entertainment afforded; also thanking the congregation of the White temple for the use of the building.

Action Against Phthisis.

One of the important matters to come before the meeting was a resolution naming a committee to secure full and accurate information regarding tuberculosis in Oklahoma and to warn those infected against any thoughtless habits or actions that would in any way spread the disease. There was a general demand on the part of the physicians that a systematic effort be made and radical action taken to suppress the disease.

A revision of the constitution was demanded and a committee appointed to prepare the changes and to report at the Tulsa convention next year. In accordance with a custom of the association, Secretary-elect Dr. C. A. Thompson will edit the journal of the State Medical association, and the place of publication will be changed from Guthrie to Muskogee.

The association of county secretaries held a short meeting in the afternoon and elected Dr. J. W. Duke of Guthrie president, and Dr. Wright of Shawnee secretary.

Dr. Turk Lectures.

As the election and business session had encroached upon the time of the scientific program, the afternoon session was crowded and sectional conferences were held. An interesting part of the day's program was the lectures in the afternoon by Dr. Fenton B. Turk of Chicago and Dr. E. C. Dudley of Kansas City. These lec-

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is a much advertised merchandise

There are really few people (not in the clothing business) competent to judge clothing materials. We are clothiers and judges of materials. If you place your confidence in us you are sure of getting what we represent to you.

SUITS \$12.50

We are showing a big variety of suits in all the latest fabrics and colors made with fancy cuffs and pocket effects. Blue and Gray Serges, Tan and Green and Olives and fancy worsteds in two piece or three piece suits in all sizes at **12.50**

They can't be equaled for less than \$15.00.

We are anxious to show you our better goods made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx for us.

Come and ask to see the \$20.00 and \$22.50 Suits—they are equal to any tailored Suit at \$30.00.

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"Specialist in good clothes for men and young men"

tures were illustrated with stereopticon views and were the feature of the convention.

The closing hours of the convention last night were filled with committee conferences and work for the coming year was discussed by the new council. As this year has set a new mark in attendance and work accomplished, it is the general expression that it would also mark an era of growth for the association in the state.

ARDMORE AFTER CEMENT PLANT.
Million Dollars to Be Invested at Foot of Arbuckle Mountains—Railroad Will Be Built.

Ardmore, Ok., May 13.—A million dollar cement plant is now assured for this city and will be located at the foot of the Arbuckle Mountains, a few miles northwest of here. J. S. Ayers of Edgerton, Kan., W. W. Fry, and Oscar Ayers of Olathe, Kan., J. Middleton and C. R. Goodale of Collinsville, Ok., and Phil Lawrence of Huton, S. D., are the incorporators of a company to handle the proposition, which is being financed by C. F. Clerk & Co., well known bankers and financiers of Philadelphia. Assurance has been given that the money is waiting for them as soon as the bonds, now being engraved, are out of the printer's hands. The plant will require the expenditure of

between \$800,000 and \$1,000,000 and will be of 5,000 barrel capacity. A railroad will connect this city with the plant, and the road is to be extended through the Arbuckle mountains, west in the direction of Chickasha, which will develop some of the richest mineral lands in this section.

The railroad will be capitalized at \$2,500,000, and it is expected to begin work within the next ninety days, if preliminary arrangements can be completed. A survey of the route will be made this month by W. R. Forsythe of Philadelphia. This is the biggest industrial proposition the southern part of the state has had presented and will be followed by large developments of this section.

Work on the cement plant will begin within the next sixty days.

Going to Mexico.

Do you want some good Ada property at a great sacrifice. A nine room dwelling on 12th street for \$1,000. No bids will be considered later than May 25th. For full particulars see M. L. Bullard or P. L. Jones.

A New Window.

The show windows of the Cox-Greer-McDonald Co. are unique indeed as they are at present decorated. The Delineator is the feature and they are arranged in elegant style and make a neat display.

Alabastine

The Sanitary Wall Coating

"THE TINT THAT WON'T RUB OFF"

Made by mixing with cold water and is easily applied with brush, anybody can put it on your walls.

We are always glad to show color combinations and give other information desired. It is cheaper than wall paper and looks much better and lasts longer. Let us tell you about it?

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The Ada News

Evening Edition, except Sunday
Week 7 Publication, Thursday

OFFICE: Weaver-Masonic Block, 12th and Broadway

OTIS B. WEAVER, EDITOR AND OWNER

TERMS: Weekly, the year, \$1.00 Daily, the week, 10c. Daily, the year, \$4.00

Daily delivered in city by carrier every evening except Sunday.
The Weekly will be sent to responsible subscribers until ordered discontinued and all arrearages are paid

Entered as Second Class matter, March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Oklahoma, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879



KENTUCKY'S POLITICAL CRIME

Governor Wilson of Kentucky closes the notorious Goebel murder case of nearly a decade ago by a sweeping pardon for all concerned, excepting the unfortunate Youtsey, who is serving a life sentence. William S. Taylor has had a most fortunate time of it since the morning the young Kentuckian Goebel was shot as he walked through the state house grounds. The shot was fired from within the Statehouse, from a window of a room at least near where Taylor is alleged to have been seated. Goebel had been the democratic candidate for Governor against Taylor. The contest was close, and there was much fraud. The courts had declared Goebel to have honestly elected and his appeal for the right to occupy the office was before the legislature at the time of his cowardly assassination.

From a prison cell at Frankfort, Henry Youtsey, under life sentence for participation in that murder, declares he is as much entitled to a pardon as Taylor or Finley. Over in Indiana Taylor and Finley received word of the pardon with the declaration that there is still "A God in Israel." The state prosecutor regrets that Kentucky should have granted a pardon to those men without ever

having brought their case to trial. Politics has certainly played a most important part in that most interesting case. For politics Goebel was murdered. Through politics Taylor was given refuge by the republican governor in the neighboring state of Indiana. By the aid of politics all the force of a sovereign State's extradition machinery was nullified, and now Governor Wilson has repaid a debt—if not expressed, implied—to the Taylor adherents in Kentucky contracted in the last gubernatorial campaign. Poor Kentucky! Her lot in this regard has not been a happy one. How much nobler would have been her course had William S. Taylor been brought to trial. And if justice had not then been done, the pardoning power might properly have been invoked. The nation would have applauded. Now it lives to regret.—National Monthly.

The expected has happened and Gov. Williams of Kentucky has granted a pardon to ex-Gov. Taylor and former Secretary of State Charles Finley, who were refugees from justice, under indictment for complicity in the murder of Senator Goebel in 1900. Henry Youtsey is the only person to pay any sort of penalty for the murder. He is now serving a life term in the penitentiary—a scapegoat for those higher up, who had a hand in the deed. No one expected Taylor to be punished, yet there is scarcely a doubt that his brand is dyed as deeply in the blood of Senator Goebel as is Youtsey's, but partisan politics protects him, stays the hand of justice, and he goes free.—Kingston Messenger.

Some Texas papers passed some very severe criticism on Oklahoma for the lynching of the foreigner at Ada, on April 19th. This foreigner may be no more than Oklahoma deserves, but how about Texas? Has she any room to make remarks. Only last week she had two lynchings, one at Marshall and the other at Tyler. Say, Texas, you ought to set the example for your youngest sister. You should not say a word when so many deeds of this kind have been committed within your borders in the last decades.—Madill News.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Former Lieutenant Governor of Kansas Loses His Life.

Salina, May 13.—A. P. Riddle, former Lieutenant Governor of Kansas, was killed in an automobile accident near here early today. Riddle was en route from Minneapolis, Kan., his home, to Salina on a pleasure drive accompanied by a party of four. The machine, which was driven by Thomas Thomas, struck an embankment about five miles north of Salina, throwing the occupants into a ditch. Riddle struck on his head and died in an hour. Other members of the party, all Minneapolis men, escaped with slight bruises and a severe shaking up. Riddle suffered greatly but maintained a brave front. Everything possible under the circumstances was done for him but without result and he died in the car an hour after the accident happened. He was conscious to the last and his dying words were for his wife. "Kiss mama for me," he said and succumbed. The body was taken to Minneapolis today.

Notice to Warrant Holders.

All parties holding warrants issued by the Board of Education of the City of Ada, Oklahoma, from registered number 427 to 623 inclusive, also registered numbers 406 to 426 are requested to deliver them to me for cancellation and payment out of refunding bond issue.

W. D. HAYS, Treasurer.

H. R. Snyder and S. J. Haines, capitalists and property owners in Ada, are in our city from Petersburg, Indiana. Mr. Snyder visits Ada frequently and has many friends here who always welcome him in our midst.

STUBBLEFIELD COMPLAINED.

Durant News Speaks Highly of the New Baptist Divine.

There was a well filled house last night at the Baptist church to pay their respects and show their appreciation for Rev. Stubblefield, who after eight years of labor in Durant, having resigned the pastorate here, has accepted the same position at Ada.

The Ada church is indeed fortunate in getting his services, as would any church in this state be that could get him for a pastor.

The News has known him as a minister of God, as a man, and as a citizen. It has known his work, in every capacity, and if he has ever failed to measure up to the full standard of a Christian gentleman and a live, progressive, wide-awake and pushing citizen, we do not remember it.

He has done more good work here for humanity, for the town and for the cause of Christ during the eight years he has been here than the average minister ever does in a life time. We say this with all due respect to the ministry.

This success is due largely to his earnest and faithful work, to his big fund of hard horse sense, and to his manhood. He could always see things from the other man's standpoint, as well as from the standpoint of a minister, and could make friends from among the irreligious as well as the religious.

As an illustration of his manhood and his ability to see the other man's side of a question we wish to give one instance.

Several years ago Durant had a splendid base ball team, of which the people were very proud. Sunday ball playing was the rule not only here, but in every city in the state. There was a matched game between, if we remember right, Hugo and Durant, to be played on Sunday evening. The railroads were running special trains to see the game and the advertisements were all out.

The city council of Durant, to prevent this game, passed an ordinance making it a heavy fine to play ball on Sunday. This was done after the game had been arranged and the advertisements were out. Rev. Stubblefield and Rev. Dickey, the pastor of the Presbyterian church, both took the street and before the time for the game, had arranged with the council and officers that this game should be pulled off as scheduled and after that the law would go into effect.

It takes manhood in a minister to favor a ball game on Sunday under any conditions, but they had it, and in that way won the respect of the people who were not religious, not only personally, but won their respect for the cause these men represented.

Again we can say that Ada is fortunate in not only getting him as a citizen but in getting him as a pastor, and also getting his wife and family who are co-workers with him. We can commend them to the good people of Ada, and say that they leave with the love and respect of the people of Durant, regardless of church affiliation.

The News trusts that this move will be profitable and pleasant to all alike and that the good work done in Durant may be duplicated in Ada without any of the hardships and disappointments connected with the early years of his pastorate here.

DEPOSITORS GET BUMPED.

Bank Commissioner Places a Maximum of 4 Per Cent on Deposits.

Guthrie, Okla., May 13.—Bank Commissioner A. M. Young, who lately has attracted attention over the Southwest because of the vigor with which he is pushing the effectiveness of the Oklahoma bank guaranty law, has sent out a circular letter to banks which is believed to mark the beginning of the most daring step yet contemplated towards forcing the national banks not to exceed the state banks in inducements to depositors in the way of interest.

Mr. Young places a maximum limit of 4 per cent as interest which state banks may offer for deposits. Casually he inserts the following: "National banks paying a higher rate of interest than herein specified (4 per cent) will not be permitted to act as reserve agents for Oklahoma state banks."

As several national banks of Oklahoma are offering 6 per cent, and many five, this rule of the commissioner forces them either to forego this advantage or lose the deposits of state banks.

The program committee for Children's Day service will thank the mothers if they will see that their children who are in the Methodist Sunday school will be at the church to practice Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. D. E. Emerson and Little son, from Chickasha, who have been visiting Mrs. G. A. Truitt, have gone to Sherman to attend the closing exercises of Kidd-Key college, where her daughter graduates.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL

Health Is Worth Saving, and Some Ada People Know How to Save It.

Many Ada people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help. Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health, but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is a Ada citizen's recommendation.

Mrs. C. C. Nash, East Thirteenth St., Ada, Okla., says: "Different members of my family have used Doan's Kidney Pills procured at G. M. Ramsey's drug store, and in each instance the results of their use have been entirely satisfactory. We think that Doan's Kidney Pills are unequalled as a cure for kidney disorders. I cheerfully recommend this remedy to anyone suffering from kidney troubles."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

When you want it, try a want ad in the News.

DR. WILSON

EYE, EAR NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST.

of Shawnee, will be in his office at Harris hotel the second and fourth Mondays in each month conclusively.

Legal Publications

Notice of the First Meeting of Creditors.

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Oklahoma, at Ada.

In the matter of E. P. Bryant of Roff, Oklahoma, Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of E. P. Bryant, a Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that, on the 21st day of April, 1909, the said E. P. Bryant was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office at Ada, Okla., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the 17th day of May, A. D., 1909, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

This 6th day of May, 1909.

A. H. CONSTANT, Referee in Bankruptcy.

The Ada Weekly News, published at Ada, Oklahoma, is designated as the official paper in which all notices pertaining to this proceeding will be published.

(34-Std. in weekly on 13th.)

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

In the matter of the Guardianship of Nannie Ford.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of an order of the County Court of the County of Pontotoc, State of Oklahoma, made on the 5th day of May, 1909, the undersigned Guardian of the estate of Nannie Ford will sell at private sale to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by said court, on Saturday the 22nd day of May, A. D., 1909, at 11 o'clock A. M., at County Court House, Ada, Okla., all the right, title and interest of said Nannie Ford in and to the following described real estate situate in Pontotoc County, State of Oklahoma, to-wit: East one-half of the Southeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter, Sec. 17, Township (4) North, Range (8) East, containing (60) acres.

Said real estate will be sold on the following terms and conditions, to-wit: Cash at private sale.

Bids for the purchase thereof must be in writing and must be filed in the County Court, or delivered to the undersigned at law office of James E. Webb, Ada, Oklahoma.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1909.

JIM CARNEY. (First pub. May 6-10th)

LEADING PROFESSIONAL MEN

LIGON & KING.

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Bldg.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & McKEOWN
LAWYERS
Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. T. H. GRANGER.

DENTIST.

Phone No. 212.

Rooms 1 and 2, First Nat'l Building.

HOME ABSTRACT AND REAL ESTATE COMPANY.

General Abstract, Loan and Real Estate business, Fire and Tornado Insurance. Southern Surety Company of Oklahoma. Office in rear of First National bank.

DR. H. T. SAFFARRANS

DENTIST

Office Court Building, over Surprise Store, Ada, Oklahoma.

Office Phone 57. Res. 243

BROWALL & FAUST
GENERAL PRACTITIONERS
Surgery and Diseases of Women & Specialty.

Office in Conn Bldg., over Surprise Store. Phone No. 173.

EDGAR S. RATLIFF

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

CONN-LITTLE BLDG.

YES, WE HAVE SOME WORK

—to do at Coalgate.

Will be in the city

of Ada every Wed-

nesday and Satur-

day night at home.

Hold your work and

we will save you

money :-: :-: :-:

SHERMAN CONCRETE CO.

CHAPMAN

The Shoe Man

East Main Street, Ada. Okla.

Use White Swan and Wapco Brand of Goods

and you are sure of getting the best on the market

Waples-Platter Grocer Co.

Ada, Oklahoma

Hot and Cold Stuff

Manufacturers of Ice
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coal
Long Distance Phone 29

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Note—We are doing business on a strictly cash basis. Please arrange to settle for Ice as it is delivered; drivers must either turn in cash or coupons. Buy Coupon Books as it will save you money after April 18th. Books for residences—200, 300 and 500 pounds.

THE Ada National Bank

wishes to call your attention to two

FACTS

It has been under ONE continuous MANAGEMENT since the organization. Now in its NINTH year. The BANK that has helped to build ADA and assisted more FARMERS than any institution in—

Pontotoc County

TAKE A SURVEY

before you decide in buying real estate and see if you can find any investment more attractive than the property we are now offering in the Donaghey Addition. Here splendid homes are built and the rise in value is certain. We offer liberal terms of payment.



Hardin & Blanks.

DON'T PASS ME UP

when you need

Paint or Wall Paper

I have got more material than anyone else in the city. I will do you right. Let me show you.

SEE DR. HOLLY or W. P. BRINLEE CRESCENT DRUG STORE

INSURANCE! LOANS

Careful Attention given to City Property entrusted to my care.

R. O. Wheeler

Insurance and Real Estate. Office Farmers State Bank.

The Daily News covers the city thoroughly. Try a want ad through its columns. Price 1 cent a word for 1st insertion and one-half cent a word each subsequent insertion.

Try a News "Want Ad."

PERSONAL COLUMN

Mrs. Felter of Francis was an Ada visitor today.

H. H. Woodard, from Konawa, is here today.

Kodaks to sell or rent at Ramsey's Drug store.

Miss Lucy Taylor went to Francis this afternoon.

Rev. Will Kendall is here from Konawa today.

Frank Jones, Sr., is in Ahloso today prospecting.

J. B. Wall returned today from Oklahoma City.

W. E. Mooney returned to Stonewall this morning.

Mrs. John Brown, from Stonewall, was an Ada visitor today.

A. L. Beck left this afternoon for a business trip in Kansas City.

Mrs. M. A. Rogers will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Chambers.

Rev. S. F. Goddard came down this morning from Holdenville.

"DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone Bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued."

Miss Wyatt from Hydro, Okla., is visiting her cousins the Kale Bros.

C. E. Daggs, tinner and plumber, North Broadway, phone 279.

Ross Richardson and Lou Rex of Roff, were attending court in Ada today.

When you want what you want, when you want it, try a want ad in the News.

Mrs. R. Nelson and daughter, from Francis, are guests of Mrs. W. G. Broadfoot.

James Turner, prominent business man at Okemuh, is in Ada, with a view to locating here.

S. C. Pritchard and G. S. Shepherd from the Center community called at the News sanctum today.

Miss Eva Laughlin returned yesterday from Dallas, where she has resided for several months.

Prof. Pierce went to Roff, where he will attend the closing exercises of the public schools this evening.

"DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone Bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued."

Mrs. Henry Beard, who has been the guest of Mrs. John Beard, returned Thursday to her home in Shawnee.

G. T. Howerton was called home on account of serious illness of his son Hughey is reported to be improving today.

Miss Zona Cummings came down this morning to visit Miss Jewell Broadfoot and attend the recital tonight.

C. C. Nash has moved to his pretty new home in Sunrise. Frank Chambers will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Nash.

"DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone Bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued."

C. J. Warren, Frank Maddox and S. M. Torbett returned this morning from the bedside of Dr. H. Brown at Sherman.

Mrs. Ethel Ghanateli and her pupil, Isadore Rosenfield, went to Coalgate today, where they will give a recital tonight.

We have one hundred thousand pounds of the best flour that money can buy \$3.35, \$3.25 and \$3.15 per 100 Aldrich & Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Van Eaton, of Stonewall, arrived here today to be present at the funeral of Dr. Brown tomorrow. Mrs. Van Eaton is a sister of Mrs. Dr. Brown.

Frank Chambers left this morning for Little Rock, Ark., to accompany his wife home. She has been visiting her parents there for a month.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Chastain, from Southern, Tex., are visiting Mrs. Chastain's sister, Mrs. E. L. Steed and family. They are enroute to Tulsa, where they will reside permanently.

TILLMAN DINES WITH TAFT.

The Pitchfork Senator Dines at White House for First Time in Years.

Senator Tillman, he of pitchfork, fire eating fame, has actually dined at the White House—the first time in many years.

It was away back in 1902 that Senator Tillman was last invited to dine with a president. He was on the list of guests to dine with Prince Henry, of Prussia, but an unfortunate fatal encounter in the Senate with his colleague, Senator McLaughlin, prompted Roosevelt to recall the invitation.

From that time on began a war between Tillman and Roosevelt, finally terminating in the sensational charges being lodged against Senator Tillman by secret service agents regarding his alleged dealings in western lands and abuse of the franking privilege.

So personal grew the feeling between the two that it became generally known that any official favor shown Tillman aroused the temper of the president.

But President Taft seems a bigger man than he has been rated. He has shown a commendable desire to forget the Roosevelt mistakes and not punish the Roosevelt enemies with his official power.

The Tillman-Taft dinner can not, therefore, be welcome news to the former executive.

It is but a little incident—that dinner—but it is the little things that count, and in this instance it makes Taft appear much larger in the eyes of his countrymen; it marks the smashing of another one of his policies.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

Beginning With Exercises at the Churches.

The first feature of the closing exercises of the Ada schools will be a sermon at the Methodist church next Sunday morning by Rev. J. D. White of the Presbyterian church. Tuesday evening the entertainment given by the grades will take place at the Afdome. The eighth grade graduating exercises will take place Thursday evening at the Christian church. The graduating exercises of the senior class is scheduled for Friday evening at the Methodist church.

AT M. E. Church.

1. Voluntary—Spring Song, Mendelssohn. Trauerfeier, Schumann; Melody in E. Brahms.
2. Hymn—Come Thou Almighty King.
3. Infocation.
4. Spring Song—Hensel.
5. Lesson.
6. Quartette.
7. Sermon by Rev. White.
8. Hymn—All Hail The Power of Jesus Name.
9. Benediction.

TO MEMPHIS REUNION.

Arrangements Being Made to Have Big Part Start from Sulphur.

Ex-Governor Wm. M. Guy, of Sulphur, was in Ada yesterday and called at the News office. He states the operations are on to have a good crowd go from Sulphur to the confederate reunion at Memphis. It is arranged so that Pullman tickets can be purchased at Sulphur for \$12.00 good for the round trip, with the privilege of using the Pullmans on the trucks at Memphis during the reunion. Without the sleeper accommodation it is understood that the fare will be \$11.00.

At these rates practically every one who desires to make this trip can do so. Ada should get busy and be represented in the Oklahoma delegations.

Preacher's New Home.

Rev. C. C. Barnhardt and wife are encoined in the new home just completed by the members of the Asbury Methodist church on North side. The parsonage is a nice, six-room house on the lot west of the church and will be a comfortable home for the pastor of that church. The ladies have added \$150.00 worth of furniture.

Children's Day Service.

The Children's Day service for the First Methodist church will be held Sunday night, May 16. All the children of the Sunday school will participate in this service, and the presence of their parents will be appreciated and will lend encouragement to the members of the Sunday school. The greater part of the program will be rendered by the primary classes.

Asbury Church.

Children's Day service at Asbury Methodist church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Fathers and mothers, you are expected to be there to see how well the children work. Your presence will help the children, then will you refrain from lending a helping hand? C. C. Barnhardt, Pastor.

WANTS

Advertising under this head will be charged at following rates:

One insertion, per word.....1c
Additional insertions, per word.....1-2c

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Six room house in Sunrise. Apply to W. W. Sledge.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light house keeping. Mrs. Julia Arnold, 13th and Cherry 403t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good mantle folding bed. Mrs. M. D. Steiner, W. 14th St.

LOST.

LOST—on the streets of Ada a gold matrix stick pin, finder please return to News office and receive liberal reward.

WANTED.

WANTED—Trustworthy man or woman in each county to advertise, receive orders and manage business for New York Mail Order House \$18.00 Weekly, position permanent; no investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging. Spare time valuable. Enclose self addressed envelope for full particulars. Address: Clarke Co. Wholesale Dept., 163 Park Ave., New York 37-101.

CEMENT NEWS COLUMN

NEWS CONCERNING ADA'S GREAT PORTLAND CEMENT MILL ITS EMPLOYEES AND THEIR FAMILIES.

Roy Guest of the machine shop was called home on account of the illness of his wife.

Chas. Fisk of the carpenter shop has returned to work after being off. S. W. Murphy at the clinker cooler went home this morning sick.

The grading for the extension of the 300 feet on roading out at the packing house has been finished and the laying of the steel has begun. This will give the plant storage for 24 empty box cars ready for loading of cement.

Construction work throughout the plant is progressing rapidly, work has begun on raw mill foundation for the new fuller mills, the designs for the extension for present raw material bins over these mills has been finished and construction will begin immediately. These bins will add a storage capacity of four hundred thousand pounds to present bins and will have a storage for an 18 hours run for the fuller mills.

Concrete Work

We do anything that is done with cement
SIDEWALKS A SPECIALTY
Figure with us on your work.
All work guaranteed.

Bert Hahn
CONSTRUCTION CO.
Office Dorland Hotel

If you are in need of

A LAWN MOWER,
A LAWN HOSE,
A WATER COOLER,
A REFRIGERATOR,
AN OIL OR GASOLINE STOVE,
POULTRY NETTING,
SCREEN WIRE, OR
ANYTHING ELSE IN THE
HARDWARE LINE, YOU CAN
GET IT AT THE LOWEST
CASH PRICES FROM

COLLINS & DAUGHERTY
ADA, OKLA.

Why Not Now

Put in Those Electric Lights

That you have been promising your good wife and yourself? Why not enjoy one of the comforts of this life that is within your reach?

Ada Electric & Gas. Co.
S. Broadway ADA, OKLA. Phone 78

In Selecting a Bank

with which to do your business the first consideration is the character and standing of its officers and directors and the financial resources of the Bank. Judged by these standards your confidence and patronage are merited by the:

First National Bank of Ada

P. A. Norris, Pres. H. T. Douglas, V. P.
M. D. Timberlake, Cashier

ICE CREAM HOME PRODUCT

We have our own Dairy and up-to-date Ice Cream Factory. Both are run under the inspection of the Pure Food Law. Our factory is in charge of one of the best cream makers that is obtainable. Previous to coming to us Mr. Prescott had charge of one of the largest factories in Kansas City. We put up the goods. With all the above advantages, why shouldn't we? Insist on cream made at our factory and you will not only get the best, but are patronizing a growing home industry.

R. L. McGUIRE, Prop. PURITY ICE CREAM CO.

H. WEST

GEO. A. HARRISON

Real Estate Farm Loans, Bonds Insurance

We Buy, Sell and Rent Farm and City Property

WEST & HARRISON

South Main Street

SOME REASONS WHY IT PAYS

THE FARMER TO HAVE A TELEPHONE

The dollars saved keeping in touch with the markets will pay the price many fold.

In case of an emergency when a doctor or neighbor is needed, life or property may be saved.

The telephone has done away with the old time isolation that handicapped social life in the country and drove young people to the city.

It is then a saver of life, money and property and is a pleasure to all the family. For information regarding rates and manner of securing the service consult with your nearest local manager.

PIONEER TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

FULL LINE OF

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

We buy for cash and sell for cash and divide our profit with our customers

ALDRICH & THOMPSON
Phone 303

HUNTING BIG GAME IN EAST AFRICA

Lion Shooting in Somaliland

By Lord Delamere

Foremost among the great hunting authorities of the English speaking world is Lord Delamere. He is credited with being the heaviest killer in the party which bagged the record number of African lions some few years ago. In East Central Africa his prowess is familiar to every native. Not long ago a locality beset with lions sent a delegation four hundred miles to call on Lord Delamere to ask him to come and wipe out the destroyers of their cattle. In this article he vividly contrasts the theory and practice of lion hunting in the region which Ex-President Roosevelt will invade.

THE best piece of lion tracking I ever saw lasted five full hours and is so memorable in several respects that I purpose to use it as an introduction to that general method of lion hunting.

Two of my men got badly mauled by a lion, so our camp had to stop where it was till they could be moved. After a time one of them was able to walk about with his arm in a sling, and the other was getting on well, so one night I decided to leave the big camp next day and go with two or three camels to some villages only a day's march away. Early the next morning Mahomed Noor, the headman, started with the camels. I stopped behind to get some breakfast. Just as we were going to follow, a camelman, who had gone up the river bed close by to get some water, came running back to say that a lion had been down to drink at one of the shallow sand wells to the right. I started at once with Abdullah and two other trackers, telling my pony-boy to follow on as soon as he could get the pony saddled. When tracking, I have always found it the best plan to have the pony led some distance behind. The boy ought to have no difficulty in following the tracks of two or three men and a lion, and if the pony is kept close up, it is sure to stamp or blow its nose at the critical moment.

When we got to the well there was the spoor plain enough in the sand, but rather blurred by some rain which had fallen at daybreak. This made the tracking a little difficult after we left the river-bed, but when we had followed it slowly for some distance, we came to a place where the lion had lain down under a thick bush, evidently to shelter from the rain, as the spoor after this was quiet distinct on the top of the damp ground. This made us think we were in for a short track, for it must have been light when the lion went on again from here, and lions generally lie up shortly after the sun rises; but this day proved an exception, because it was cloudy and cool through the forenoon.

Trailing the King of Beasts.

The spoor now led us along a sandy path, where we could follow it as fast as we could walk. When it turned off into the bush we quite expected to see the lion at any moment; but not a bit of it—he wandered about through endless clumps of mimosa and "irgin" bushes, as if he did not mean to lie up at all.

The track at last led us down a little sandy watercourse, which it followed for some distance. Up to this time we had had no real difficulty in making it out, but now came our first serious check. The lion had turned off along the side of a stony ridge, and, instead of going along it, the lion had turned up the hill. We had got the general direction that the lion had been going in, but this was no good to us, as on casting forward in the same line to the bottom of the other side of the ridge where there was some sandy ground, we could find no sign of his having passed in that direction. We spent some time hunting about, growing less hopeful as time went on. A man following a trail by sight certainly has an enormous advantage over a hound hunting it by nose, because time is of no particular object to him, and every direction can be tried in turn. After making out eastward we went back to the little water-course, and followed that down for some distance, hoping that the lion had turned down

hill again; but here, too, we were disappointed, and gravitated back to where we had first lost the spoor. We knew that the lion had not gone straight on, nor had he turned back; he must have gone along the top of the ridge and then crossed into other stony hills where it was hopeless to try to track him.

Abdullah, who is never defeated, said there was a big river-bed further on in the direction in which the lion was going. It seemed a very slender chance, as he might have turned off anywhere in between, but it was the only one, so off we went. We were evidently in luck that day, for we had only gone about a quarter of a mile when we struck the spoor. The lion seemed now to have made up his mind as to his direction, for he kept on straight down the middle of the river-bed. The sun had come out from behind the clouds, and in places the sand was very deep, so that we were not sorry when at last the track led into a little island of bush in the great flat sand. There was no doubt the lion was at home, for on casting round no sign was perceptible of a track coming out. The island, raised a little above the river-bed, was formed of a mass of thick-tangled bush and creepers clustered round a few big trees. The water coming down the river after heavy rain had washed it roughly into the form of a triangle, the apex of which pointed up the river. From this point the sides widened out to the other end, which was about thirty yards broad, the whole length being somewhat under a hundred yards.

Driving the Lion to Bay.

The shape made it an easy place to drive, for a little way out from the

quite unable to move. All the life in him seemed concentrated in his eyes, which glared at us furiously. Another shot put him out of his misery. The first shot, a very bad one, had grazed the spine just in front of the withers; another quarter of an inch higher and it would have missed altogether.

This lion was quite maneless, except for a few long hairs on each side of the neck, and his teeth were worn down quite short, so he was evidently very old. He was in very good condition, notwithstanding, but his stomach was quite empty, which accounted for his going so far before lying up. We had to stop at the main camp for the night when we got there, and did not follow up our camels till the next day. I have described this track rather at length because it is a good example of many similar days.

Perils of the Man Eater.

My first experience in tracking lions was early in 1892, and the night before was rather an exciting one. After hunting elephants unsuccessfully for about a month, we were on our way south, when we arrived one day at some villages where the natives had been very much bothered by five lions which were said to be still in the neighborhood. A girl had been killed two days before, and an enormous amount of damage had been done among the sheep and cattle. The first day we camped there two of our party had shooting zerebas made at the village to which the lions generally came, and just before sunset they went off there.

I tied up our two donkeys just outside the camp, on the chance that the lions might come and look us up. Just after dark we were having dinner in the tent when there was a scuffle out-

We had a shot or two at the sound, and the beasts, whatever they were, went away. As at that time we knew nothing about lions, we were not quite sure that they were not hyenas after all; but Abdullah stuck to it they were lions, so we got our beds and lay down one on each side of the opening, just behind the fence to watch, hoping that the brutes would come back. Nothing further happened, however. At daybreak we sallied out to see if by any chance we had managed to hit a lion, but we only found two or three dead hyenas. One of these brutes had been partly eaten; we thought at the time by other hyenas, as it was still too dark to make out tracks. We came to the conclusion we had made idiots of ourselves, and had been shooting all night at hyenas, and we did not feel any the better when our friends came back from their night at the village and told us we had probably frightened every lion out of the country by our bombardment.

Reading the Lion Tracks.

Abdullah still insisted that there had been lions round the camp, and a little later we found the spoor of one big lion by the body of the half-eaten hyena. The ground was very stony and there were no other tracks to be seen, but one lion could hardly have dragged the donkey and heavy barrel away so quickly, so there were probably more. The other hunters had got hold of a man at the village who said he knew where the lions always lay, so they went with him. Soon after they left, Abdullah, who had been hunting about, came and told me that he had picked up the track of one lion on soft ground a little way from camp, and that we ought

I shot, but so badly that I wasted seven bullets at different ranges without touching her. The first six did not seem to annoy her at all, but the last hit the ground just under her teeth, and either the bullet so close, frightened her or a stone hit her, for she sprang off with a snarl and a flourish of her tail and, putting on the pace, in a minute or two ran clean away from us. I was terribly disappointed and annoyed with myself, and I thought of course, that everything was over for the day after all this shooting; but Abdullah, who was almost weeping, hardly gave me time to get my wind a little before he rushed me back again. As we ran round the place where we had first seen the lioness, a fine lion appeared walking slowly out of another thicket towards us. As I shot, he turned and plunged through an opening in the bushes to our right. We ran round an outstanding bush to head him if he broke out, and met a lion facing us. Just as I fired I heard a moan to the right, so I was sure it was not the same lion. This one staggered away at the shot and fell stone dead close by.

Death of the Jungle Lord.

Abdullah called up Jama and the pony boy, and they soon had the hide off and tied on the pony. I thought all the time that Abdullah knew all about the other one, but as he seemed to be going right home, I asked him if we had not better go and look for it, and he replied that it was the same lion all the time, and that I had missed it the first shot. I did not feel quite sure about it myself, but the moan in the bushes could only have come from a wounded beast, so I told him we had better go and look anyway. He evidently thought it was waste of time, but when we got back to where the lion had been hit we soon found some blood, and going quietly down a little path between the "irgin" bushes we came round a corner almost on top of the lion. He was stone dead. I was very pleased at scoring off Abdullah, as he had shown such evident disgust at my shooting.

We met one of our party on our way back to camp, and told him he might run across the lioness if he followed our track back to the place we had come from. An hour after we got back to camp he came galloping up, having seen two lions, curiously enough both males, and had shot one with a better mane than either of mine.

I have at another time described

steal forward until the lion is sighted or ringed in a small clump of bush. Then, when all is over, and the skin is being taken off, how pleasant it is to sit in the shade, listening to the excited talk of the natives, and letting your nerves quiet down again after the hopes and fears of the morning. You ride home to camp with the lion skin behind your saddle, while one of your men after another gives his version of the morning's proceedings in a hunting song. On the other hand, when you get a shot, and miss after a long and difficult track, it seems as if any number of lions killed in the future will never make up for the loss of this one, which is always the biggest lion, carrying the finest mane you have ever seen. The ride home to camp is then a silent one, as no lion means no sheep for the men, and they are correspondingly down-hearted.

The first thing to be done in tracking is to find fresh spoor. Natives will often bring news of spoor, but unlikely the average villager's idea of a fresh track is rather hazy. I have several times gone a long way to find at the end a track several days old. On one occasion two natives arrived, saying there were fresh lion tracks in a river-bed, luckily not more than half a mile from camp, but when we got there the fresh lion tracks turned out to be the spoor of two hyenas, at least a week old.

The spoor of the large spotted hyena is not unlike that of a lioness on certain ground, but the difference can easily be told, because a hyena has claws like a dog, whereas the retractable claws of a lion are always sheathed and leave no mark. The best way to find spoor is to look for it yourself with good trackers. Should there be any villages near camp which lions have been in the habit of raiding it is very necessary to get there as early as possible in the morning. If once the large flocks of sheep and goats and herds of camels which have been shut up in the villages all right are let out, the ground all about is a mass of indistinguishable footprints, and ever: rather from the village is choked with long strings of beasts going off to their feeding grounds. Hitting off a lion's spoor under these circumstances is almost impossible, and the dust raised by the herds is very disagreeable.

Besides villages, any well in the neighborhood is a good place to look for spoor. If a lion is about there ought to be no difficulty in picking up his spoor within a day or two.

Baffling Ways of the Jungle Folk.

Rather curious coincidences are sometimes brought to light by spoor. Not very long after the date of the story just related, one of our party went to a place where two lions had been killing regularly, and sat up two nights for them with a donkey as bait. The lions must have left the district for a day or two while he was there, as there were no fresh tracks to be found anywhere about. The day after he came back to camp I happened to ride out in that direction. Soon after we started we came on the spoor of two lions, which led us along a path till we came to the shooting zereba. The night after he had left, the lions had walked over the very spot where his donkey had been tied up in the middle of the path.

A little later, again, I happened to be at a place where he had camped a few days before. A lion roared near my camp several times in the night, and next morning I heard he had taken a sheep from a village close by. We picked up his spoor in a river-bed near the camp, and after following it for some distance came to some wells. The lion had drunk twice, and between the drinks had laid down under the fence of a shooting zereba, which had been made to watch the water. After drinking the second time he had gone away.

Now and then when tracking you come across places where lions have killed, and if it is on sand or bare soil, you can tell everything that has happened almost as well as if you had seen it. We were camped once on the edge of a river-bed and thick covert ran right down to the back of the camp. One night there was a tremendous scuffling in these bushes, so in the morning I went out to see what had been going on, and found that two lions had been chasing a wabog, which had just saved its bacon by getting underground. It must have been a very near thing, as the lions had ploughed great furrows in the sand at the mouth of the hole, showing they had pulled up pretty sharp. Warthogs generally go to ground when pursued, and as there is no second opening to the burrows, and presumably no chamber at the end where they can turn, they always go in backwards. This has actually been seen by sportsmen who have been riding after them with a spear. I should think this pig can hardly have had the time to do this. Perhaps he got jammed in head first, as he refused to be smoked out when we tried it.

By permission of Longmans, Green & Co., New York.
(Copyright, 1909, by E. J. B. Hampton.)

Agitation regarding the pay of French military officers has had some effect, for the minister of war has asked for an extraordinary credit of \$400,000 to supplement the pay of the officers, which has not been increased since 1870. In that time nearly every grade of state official has had his stipend raised, but the sub-lieutenant has had to make both ends meet as best he could with six francs a day and the lieutenant with eight.

Hospitable.
She—And did you enjoy your African trip, major? How do you like the savages?
He—Oh, they were extremely kind-hearted! They wanted to keep me there for dinner.



HE PLUNGED OFF WITH AN ANGRY SNARL.

point one could easily command the whole of it. The lion was almost certain to break out of one of the sides towards the bush on the banks of the river-bed, in which case I should get an easy broadside shot. If we followed the track into the place, the noise we were sure to make would be very likely to get the beast on his legs, and he would sneak out at one side as we went in at the other, especially as the water had left a lot of dead sticks along the edges, over which it would be impossible to walk quietly. Abdullah also said that from the way he had wandered about this lion must be very hungry, and would sleep lightly. These considerations decided us to drive. I posted myself with Abdullah a few yards out from the point, and the other two men, having collected some stones, began throwing them in at the far end. Abdullah was right about this lion sleeping lightly; for at the first stone there was a growl and a crash in the bushes and then, for a minute or two, not a sound. The men started to walk down one on each side, shooting and throwing stones. I was watching them, and wondering what had happened to the lion, when there was a faint crackling just in front of us, and he appeared at the point of the island. Although we were standing within a few yards of him, and absolutely in the open, he did not see us.

He was facing straight towards us, and was so close that I did not like to fire at him as, on receiving the bullet, he would be very likely to plunge in the direction he was going and be into us; nor did I want him to come any closer; so, as he stepped down on to the sand, I moved my rifle up towards his shoulder to attract his attention. He saw the movement at once, stopped dead, and turned his head sharply towards us. For the fraction of a second I thought he was going to be startled into charging, but he plunged off to the left with an angry snarl at us over his shoulder. As he passed I pulled, and he skated along on his stomach and fell down a little ledge in the sand. This slowed him round, and he lay facing us, spread-eagled on the sand, evidently

side, and it was evident that something was attacking our donkeys. It was pitch dark, and we fired several shots in the direction of the sound before we discovered that the attacking beasts were hyenas. We did not mind having a donkey killed instantaneously by a lion, but we had not bargained for the poor beasts getting mauled by hyenas, so taking a lamp we went out to see what had happened. My donkey had got off with a nasty bite in the hollow of the hind leg above the hock, and we had him taken into the camp at once. The other was completely disembowelled and must have been killed instantly. We could not find any dead hyenas, but we were pretty sure that on, or two must have been hit. Seeing that if the lions did come to the dead donkey there would not be much chance of hitting them on so dark a night, we pulled the carcass right under the skerm or fence round the camp, and to prevent hyenas dragging it away, fastened it over the fence, fastened it to a heavy water barrel inside the camp. We sat up for a bit and got a few shots at hyenas, and then we went to bed, telling the sentry to keep a sharp lookout and to let us know if lions came to the carcass.

Some time after I awoke to find Abdullah bending over me, with my rifle in his hand. He was frightfully excited, and all I could get out of him was "Libah, sahib, libah!" ("Lion, sir, lion!") Jumping up I rushed out just as my companion fired two shots into the darkness. The first thing I saw when I got to where he stood was that a great piece of the skerm round the camp had disappeared, leaving a broad gap. I could not for a moment think what had happened, and then it struck me that when the carcass had been dragged away the water barrel must have got hitched against the inside of the interlaced mimosa boughs and the whole lot had gone together. It was frightfully dark outside, and we stood peering out for some time without being able to distinguish anything; but after a few minutes we could hear something tearing at the flesh quite close by.

to follow it. At that time none of us knew much about tracking, and we had had such bad luck after the elephants that we did not think much of our shikaries, and I did not think it was much good, Abdullah persuaded me and I went. After we had followed the track for some distance I quite caught his enthusiasm, and when the single track was joined by three others, I was divided between delight at the prospect of having four lions all to myself and the thought that perhaps I had more on my hands than I could manage alone.

After a track of about an hour we came in sight of two or three big thickets of "irgin" bushes surrounded by open mimosa scrub and intersected by narrow paths. My second shikari at that time was a very tall fellow, called Jama, with enormous feet. Several times during the track Abdullah had turned round to pitch into him for making such a noise, and now he confessed to me that "Jama walk all same cow," and that we had better leave him behind here with the pony and boy, as the lions were sure to be in the place in front of us. Knowing nothing about it, I agreed and went on with Abdullah. We were walking quietly along the outside of one of the thickets when Abdullah suddenly clutched me by the arm and pointed towards a tree standing on the edge of the bush yards off. The tree was divided into two towards the bottom, and the sun was throwing the shadow of a bush on the ground inside the hollow.

This was where Abdullah was pointing, getting more excited but I could make out nothing at all, until a great yellow beast moved suddenly out of the shadow and slipped away on the far side. I fired from the hip, letting off both barrels into the tree. We rushed round to the other side of the thicket just in time to see a fine lioness come out. I could not get a clear shot at once, and when I did, after running some distance, I was shaking so that I could not get on her at all, and missed. She kept lobbing along just ahead, every now and then stopping to look around and show her teeth at us. Each time she stopped

two different methods of hunting lions. One of them could hardly be called a method at all, as it depended on news brought in by natives as to where a lion had actually been seen. The second plan consisted of tying up a donkey for a bait, and sitting up to watch at night. A much more interesting way of hunting lions than either of these and a very successful one if the native shikaries employed are any good, is this process of tracking them. A lion lies up in some cool, shady place for the day, unless the sky is overcast and the sun cannot get out, when he will occasionally be found hunting at any hour. If you can strike his spoor of the night before there is a very good chance of following it up to where the lion lies, should the ground be suitable. There is no form of hunting so exciting as this. When the spoor is found there is generally nothing to show if you have struck it early or late in the lion's wanderings, so that it is quite a chance whether it leads you for hours over all sorts of country, or whether, after half a mile down on a sandy river bed or path, it turns off into a thick patch of reeds or bush close by, where the lion is lying. It is extraordinary how the excitement grows as time goes on, and still you keep the track sometimes very slowly, where only now and then part of a footprint can be seen on a soft place between the stones, at other times as fast as you can walk over soil where the track is visible many yards ahead. And when the spoor is lost and minute after minute goes by while you cast about vainly in every direction, how wretched you are, and how quickly your spirits rise again when a low whistle or snapping of the fingers announces that one of the trackers has hit it off further on!

At last certain signs show that you are getting near the end; the trackers take off their sandals and tuck up their loin-cloths under their belts, lest a corner flapping in the wind should scare the lion. For the first time you take your rifle from the native who has had charge of it, and, with your head shikari carrying a second rifle,

The Ada News

Evening Edition, except Sunday
Week 7 Publication, Thursday

OFFICE: Weaver-Masonic Block, 12th and Broadway

OTIS S. WEAVER, EDITOR AND OWNER

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Daily delivered in city by carrier every evening except Sunday.
The Weekly will be sent to responsible subscribers until ordered discontinued and all arrears are paid

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KENTUCKY'S POLITICAL CRIME

Governor Wilson of Kentucky closes the notorious Goebel murder case of nearly a decade ago by a sweeping pardon for all concerned, excepting the unfortunate Youtsey, who is serving a life sentence. William S. Taylor has had a most fortunate time of it since the morning the young Kentuckian Goebel was shot as he walked through the state house grounds. The shot was fired from within the Statehouse, from a window of a room at least near where Taylor is alleged to have been seated. Goebel had been the democratic candidate for Governor against Taylor. The contest was close, and there was much fraud. The courts had declared Goebel to have honestly elected and his appeal for the right to occupy the office was before the legislature at the time of his cowardly assassination.

From a prison cell at Frankfort, Henry Youtsey, under life sentence for participation in that murder, declares he is as much entitled to a pardon as Taylor or Finley. Over in Indiana Taylor and Finley received word of the pardon with the declaration that there is still "A God in Israel." The state prosecutor regrets that Kentucky should have granted a pardon to those men without ever

having brought their case to trial. Politics has certainly played a most important part in that most interesting case. For politics Goebel was murdered. Through politics Taylor was given refuge by the republican governor in the neighboring state of Indiana. By the aid of politics all the force of a sovereign State's extradition machinery was nullified, and now Governor Wilson has repaid a debt—if not expressed, implied—to the Taylor adherents in Kentucky contracted in the last gubernatorial campaign. Poor Kentucky! Her lot in this regard has not been a happy one. How much nobler would have been her course had William S. Taylor been brought to trial. And if justice had not then been done, the pardoning power might properly have been invoked. The nation would have applauded. Now it lives to regret.—National Monthly.

The expected has happened and Gov. Williams of Kentucky has granted a pardon to ex-Gov. Taylor and former Secretary of State Charles Finley, who were refugees from justice, under indictment for complicity in the murder of Senator Goebel in 1900. Henry Youtsey is the only person to pay any sort of penalty for the murder. He is now serving a life term in the penitentiary—a scapegoat for those higher up, who had a hand in the deed. No one expected Taylor to be punished, yet there is scarcely a don't that his hand is dyed as deeply in the blood of Senator Goebel as is Youtsey's, but partisan politics protects him, says the hand of justice, and he goes free.—Kingston Messenger.

Some Texas papers passed some very severe criticism on Oklahoma for the lynching of the foreigner at Ada, on April 19th. This foreigner may be no more than Oklahoma deserves, but how about Texas? Has she any room to make remarks. Only last week she had two lynchings, one at Marshall and the other at Tyler. Say, Texas, you ought to set the example for your compeer sister. You should not say a word when so many deeds of this kind have been committed within your borders in the last decades.—Madill News.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Former Lieutenant Governor of Kansas Loses His Life.

Salina, May 12.—A. P. Riddle, former Lieutenant governor of Kansas, was killed in an automobile accident near here early today. Riddle was en route from Minneapolis, Kan., his home, to Salina on a pleasure drive accompanied by a party of four. The machine, which was driven by Thomas Thomas, struck an embankment about five miles north of Salina, throwing the occupants into a ditch. Riddle struck on his head and died in an hour. Other members of the party, all Minneapolis men, escaped with slight bruises and a severe shaking up. Riddle suffered greatly but maintained a brave front. Everything possible under the circumstances was done for him but without result and he died in the car an hour after the accident happened. He was conscious to the last and his dying words were for his wife.

"Kiss mama for me," he said and succumbed. The body was taken to Minneapolis today.

Notice to Warrant Holders.

All parties holding warrants issued by the Board of Education of the City of Ada, Oklahoma, from registered number 427 to 623 inclusive, also registered numbers 406 to 426 are requested to deliver them to me for cancellation and payment out of refunding bond issue.

W. D. HAYS, Treasurer.

H. R. Snyder and S. J. Haines, capitalists and property owners in Ada, are in our city from Petersburg, Indiana. Mr. Snyder visits Ada frequently and has many friends here who always welcome him in our midst.

Durant News Speaks Highly of the New Baptist Divine.

There was a well filled house last night at the Baptist church to pay their respects and show their appreciation for Rev. Stubbelfield, who after eight years of labor in Durant, having resigned the pastorate here, has accepted the same position at Ada.

The Ada church is indeed fortunate in getting his services, as would any church in this state, be that could get him for a pastor.

The News has known him as a minister of God, as a man, and as a citizen. It has known his work, in every capacity, and if he has ever failed to measure up to the full standard of a Christian gentleman and a live, progressive, wide-awake and pushing citizen, we do not remember it.

He has done more good work here for humanity, for the town and for the cause of Christ during the eight years he has been here than the average minister ever does in a life time. We say this with all due respect to the ministry.

This success is due largely to his earnest and faithful work, to his big fund of hard horse sense, and to his manhood. He could always see things from the other man's standpoint, as well as from the standpoint of a minister, and could make friends from among the irreligious as well as the religious.

As an illustration of his manhood and his ability to see the other man's side of a question we wish to give one instance.

Several years ago Durant had a splendid base ball team, of which the people were very proud. Sunday ball playing was the rule not only here, but in every city in the state. There was a matched game between, if we remember right, Hugo and Durant, to be played on Sunday evening. The railroads were running special trains to see the game and the advertisements were all out.

The city council of Durant, to prevent this game, passed an ordinance making it a heavy fine to play ball on Sunday. This was done after the game had been arranged and the advertisements were out. Rev. Stubbelfield and Rev. Dickey, the pastor of the Presbyterian church, both took the street and before the time for the game, had arranged with the council and officers that this game should be pulled off as scheduled and after that the law would go into effect.

It takes manhood in a minister to favor a ball game on Sunday under any conditions, but they had it, and in that way won the respect of the people who were not religious, not only personally, but won their respect for the cause these men represented.

Again we can say that Ada is fortunate in not only getting him as a citizen but in getting him as a pastor, and also getting his wife and family who are co-workers with him. We can commend them to the good people of Ada, and say that they leave with the love and respect of the people of Durant, regardless of church affiliation.

The News trusts that this move will be profitable and pleasant to all alike and that the good work done in Durant may be duplicated in Ada without any of the hardships and disappointments connected with the early years of his pastorate here.

DEPOSITORS GET BUMPED.

Bank Commissioner Places a Maximum of 4 Per Cent on Deposits.

Ottawa, Okla., May 12.—Bank Commissioner A. M. Young, who lately has attracted attention over the Southwest because of the vigor with which he is pushing the effectiveness of the Oklahoma bank guaranty law, has sent out a circular letter to banks which is believed to mark the beginning of the most daring step yet contemplated towards forcing the national banks not to exceed the state banks in inducements to depositors in the way of interest.

Mr. Young places a maximum limit of 4 per cent as interest which state banks may offer for deposits. Casually he inserts the following: "national banks paying a higher rate of interest than herein specified (4 per cent) will not be permitted to act as reserve agents for Oklahoma state banks."

As several national banks of Oklahoma are offering 6 per cent, and many five, this rule of the commissioner forces them either to forego this advantage or lose the deposits of state banks.

The program committee for Children's Day service will thank the mothers if they will see that their children who are in the Methodist Sunday school will be at the church to practice Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. D. E. Emerson and little son, from Chickasha, who have been visiting Mrs. G. A. Truitt, have gone to Sherman to attend the closing exercises of Kild-Key college, where her daughter graduates.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL

Health Is Worth Saving, and Some Ada People Know How to Save It.

Many Ada people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help. Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health, but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is an Ada citizen's recommendation.

Mrs. C. C. Nash, East Thirteenth St., Ada, Okla., says: "Different members of my family have used Doan's Kidney Pills procured at G. M. Ramsey's drug store, and in each instance the results of their use have been entirely satisfactory. We think that Doan's Kidney Pills are unequalled as a cure for kidney disorders. I cheerfully recommend this remedy to anyone suffering from kidney troubles."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

YES, WE HAVE SOME WORK

—to do at Coalgate.

Will be in the city of Ada every Wednesday night and Saturday night at home. Hold your work and we will save you money :: :: ::

SHERMAN CONCRETE CO.

CHAPMAN

The Shoe Man

East Main Street, Ada, Okla.

Use White Swan and Wapco Brand of Goods

and you are sure of getting the best on the market

Waples-Platter Grocer Co.
Ada, Oklahoma

Hot and Cold Stuff

Manufacturers of Ice
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coal
Long Distance Phone 29

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Note—We are doing business on a strictly cash basis. Please arrange to settle for Ice as it is delivered; drivers must either turn in cash or coupons. Buy Coupon Books as it will save you money after April 18th. Books for residences—200, 300 and 500 pounds.

DR. WILSON

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST.

of Shawnee, will be in his office at Harris hotel the second and fourth Mondays in each month conclusively.

Legal Publications

Notice of the First Meeting of Creditors.

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Oklahoma, at Ada.

In the matter of E. P. Bryant of Roff, Oklahoma, Bankrupt.

To the Creditors of E. P. Bryant, a Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that, on the 21st day of April, 1909, the said E. P. Bryant was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office at Ada, Okla., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the 17th day of May, A. D., 1909, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

This 6th day of May, 1909.

A. H. CONSTANT,

Referee in Bankruptcy.

The Ada Weekly News, published at Ada, Oklahoma, is designated as the official paper in which all notices pertaining to this proceeding will be published.

(34-8td. in weekly on 13th.)

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

In the matter of the Guardianship of Nannie Ford.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of an order of the County Court of the County of Pontotoc, State of Oklahoma, made on the 5th day of May, 1909, the undersigned Guardian of the estate of Nannie Ford will sell at private sale to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by said court, on Saturday the 22nd day of May, A. D., 1909, at 11 o'clock A. M., at County Court House, Ada, Okla., all the right, title and interest of said Nannie Ford in and to the following described real estate situate in Pontotoc County, State of Oklahoma, to-wit: East one-half of the Southeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter, Sec. 17, Township (4) North, Range (5) East, containing (60) acres.

Said real estate will be sold on the following terms and conditions, to-wit: Cash at private sale.

Bids for the purchase thereof must be in writing and must be filed in the County Court, or delivered to the undersigned at law office of James E. Webb, Ada, Oklahoma.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1909.

JIM CARNEY.

(First pub. May 6—10td)

LEADING PROFESSIONAL MEN

LIGON & KING.

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Bldg.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown

GALBRAITH & McKEOWN

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank

Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. T. H. GRANGER.

DENTIST.

Phone No. 212.

Rooms 1 and 2, First Nat'l Building.

HONE ABSTRACT AND REAL

ESTATE COMPANY.

General Abstract, Loan and Real

Estate business. Fire and Tornado

Insurance. Southern Surety Company

of Oklahoma. Office in rear of First

National bank.

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Office Phone 57. Res. 243

BROWALL & FAUST

GENERAL PRACTITIONER

Surgery and Diseases of Women

Specialty.

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EDGAR S. RATLIFF

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

CONN-LITTLE BLDG.

Ada Oklahoma

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

THE Ada National Bank

wishes to call your attention to two

FACTS

It has been under ONE continuous MANAGEMENT since the organization. Now in its NINTH year. The BANK that has helped to build ADA and assisted more FARMERS than any institution in—

Pontotoc County

TAKE A SURVEY

before you decide in buying real estate and see if you can find any investment more attractive than the property we are now offering in the Donaghey Addition. Here splendid homes are built and the rise in value is certain. We offer liberal terms of payment.



Hardin & Blanks.

DON'T PASS ME UP

when you need

Paint or Wall Paper

I have got more material than anyone else in the city. I will do you right. Let me show you.

SEE DR. HOLLY or W. P. BRINLEE

CRESCENT DRUG STORE

INSURANCE!

LOANS

Careful Attention given to City Property entrusted to my care.

R. O. Wheeler

Insurance and Real Estate. Office Farmers State Bank.

The Daily News covers the city thoroughly. Try a want ad through its columns. Price 1 cent a word for 1st insertion and one-half cent a word each subsequent insertion.

Try a News "Want Ad"

PERSONAL COLUMN

Mrs. Felter of Francis was an Ada visitor today.

H. H. Woodard from Konawa is here today.

Kodaks to sell or rent at Ramsey's Drug store 12t.

Miss Lucy Taylor went to Francis this afternoon.

Rev. Will Kendall is here from Konawa today.

Frank Jones Sr. is in Ahlo to day prospecting.

J. B. Wall returned today from Oklahoma City.

W. L. Moorey returned to Stone wall this morning.

Mrs. John Brown from Stonewall was an Ada visitor today.

A. L. Beck left this afternoon for a business trip in Kansas City.

Mrs. M. A. Rogers will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Chambers.

Rev. S. I. Goddard came down this morning from Holdenville.

DON'T FORGET to pay telephone bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued.

Miss Wyatt from Hydro OK is visiting her cousins the Hale Bros.

C. E. Daggs tinner and plumber North Broadway phone 279 272 t.

Ross Richardson and Len Rea of Roff were attending court in Ada today.

When you want what you want when you want it, want ad in the News.

Mrs. R. Nelson and daughter from Francis are guests of Mrs. W. C. Broadfoot.

James Turner prominent business man at Okemah is in Ada with a view to locating here.

S. C. Pritchett and C. S. Shepherd from the Center community called at the News sanctum today.

Miss Eva Laughlin returned yesterday from Dallas where she has resided for several months.

First Prize went to Roff where he will attend the closing exercises of the public schools this evening.

DON'T FORGET to pay telephone bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued.

Mrs. Henry Beid who has been the guest of Mrs. John Beid returned Thursday to her home in Shawnee.

G. I. Howerton was called home on account of serious illness of his son. Hughes is reported to be improving today.

Miss Zora Cummings came down this morning to visit Miss Jewell Broadfoot and attend the rental to night.

C. C. Nash has moved to his present new home in Sunnyside. Frank Chambers will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Nash.

DON'T FORGET to pay Telephone bills on the 15th and avoid having your telephone service discontinued.

C. I. Warren Frank Maddox and S. M. Toibett returned this morning from the bedside of Dr. H. Brown at Sherman.

Mrs. Ethel Shanahelt and her pupil Isadore Rosenfeld went to Colgate today where they will give a recital tonight.

We have one hundred thousand pounds of the best flour that money can buy \$3 \$3.25 and \$3.50 per 100 Aldrich & Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Van Eaton of Stonewall arrived here today to be present at the funeral of Dr. Brown. Tomorrow Mrs. Van Eaton is a sister of Mrs. Dr. Brown.

Frank Chambers left this morning for Little Rock Ark. to accompany his wife home. She has been visiting her parents there for a month.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Chastain from Southern Tex. are visiting Mrs. Chastain's sister Mrs. E. L. Steed and family. They are enroute to Tulsa where they will reside permanently.

TILLMAN DINES WITH TAFT.

The Pitchfork Senator Dines at White House for First Time in Years.

Senator Tillman he of pitchfork fire eating fame has actually dined at the White House—the first time in many years.

It was away back in 1902 that Senator Tillman was last invited to dine with a president. He was on the list of guests to dine with Prince Henry of Prussia but an unfortunate fistic encounter in the Senate with his colleague Senator McLaughlin prompted Roosevelt to recall the invitation.

From that time on began a war between Tillman and Roosevelt finally terminating in the sensational charges lodged against Senator Tillman by secret service agents regarding his alleged dealings in west end lands and those of the franking privilege.

So personal grew the feeling between the two that it became generally known that any official favor shown Tillman aroused the temper of the president.

But President Taft seems a bigger man than he has been rated. He has shown a commendable desire to forget the Roosevelt mistakes and not punish the Roosevelt enemies with his official power.

The Tillman Taft dinner can not therefore be welcome news to the former executive.

It is but a little incident—that did not—but it is the little things that count and in this instance it makes a big impression in the eyes of his countrymen. It marks the smothering of another one of our political feuds.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

Beginning With Exercises at the Churches.

The first feature of the closing exercises of the Ada schools will be a sermon at the Methodist church next Sunday morning by Rev. J. D. White of the Presbyterian church. Tuesday evening the entertainment given in the grades will take place at the Aidome. The eighth grade graduating exercises will take place Thursday evening at the Christian church. The graduating exercises of the senior class is scheduled for Friday evening at the Methodist church.

At M. L. Church

1. Voluntary—Spring Song. Mendelsson. 2. Hymn—The Church. 3. Hymn—The Church. 4. Spring Song—Hensley. 5. Hymn—The Church. 6. Hymn—The Church. 7. Hymn—The Church. 8. Hymn—The Church. 9. Hymn—The Church. 10. Hymn—The Church. 11. Hymn—The Church. 12. Hymn—The Church. 13. Hymn—The Church. 14. Hymn—The Church. 15. Hymn—The Church. 16. Hymn—The Church. 17. Hymn—The Church. 18. Hymn—The Church. 19. Hymn—The Church. 20. Hymn—The Church. 21. Hymn—The Church. 22. Hymn—The Church. 23. Hymn—The Church. 24. Hymn—The Church. 25. Hymn—The Church. 26. Hymn—The Church. 27. Hymn—The Church. 28. Hymn—The Church. 29. Hymn—The Church. 30. Hymn—The Church. 31. Hymn—The Church. 32. Hymn—The Church. 33. Hymn—The Church. 34. Hymn—The Church. 35. Hymn—The Church. 36. Hymn—The Church. 37. Hymn—The Church. 38. Hymn—The Church. 39. Hymn—The Church. 40. Hymn—The Church. 41. Hymn—The Church. 42. Hymn—The Church. 43. Hymn—The Church. 44. Hymn—The Church. 45. Hymn—The Church. 46. Hymn—The Church. 47. 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HUNTING BIG GAME IN EAST AFRICA

Lion Shooting in Somaliland

By Lord Delamere

Foremost among the great hunting authorities of the English speaking world is Lord Delamere. He is credited with being the heaviest killer in the party which bagged the record number of African lions some few years ago. In East Central Africa his prowess is familiar to every native. Not long ago a locality beset with lions sent a delegation four hundred miles to call on Lord Delamere to ask him to come and wipe out the destroyers of their cattle. In this article he vividly contrasts the theory and practice of lion hunting in the region which Ex-President Roosevelt will invade.

THE best piece of lion tracking I ever saw lasted five full hours and is so memorable in several respects that I purpose to use it as an introduction to that general method of lion hunting.

Two of my men got badly mauled by a lion, so our camp had to stop where it was till they could be moved. After a time one of them was able to walk about with his arm in a sling, and the other was getting on well, so one night I decided to leave the big camp next day and go with two or three camels to some villages only a day's march away. Early the next morning Mahomed Nour the headman started with the camels. I stopped behind to get some breakfast. Just as we were going to follow a camelman who had gone up the riverbed close by to get some water, came running back to say that a lion had been down to drink at one of the shallow sand wells in the night. I started at once with Abdullah and two other trackers telling my pony boy to follow on as soon as he could get the pony saddled. When tracking, I have always found it the best plan to have the pony led some distance behind. The boy ought to have no difficulty in following the tracks of two or three men and a lion, and if the pony is kept close up, it is sure to stamp or blow its nose at the critical moment.

When we got to the well there was the spoor plain enough in the sand, but rather blurred by some rain which had fallen at daybreak. This made the tracking a little difficult after we left the riverbed, but when we had followed it slowly for some distance, we came to a place where the lion had lain down under a thick bush, evidently to shelter from the rain, as the spoor after this was quiet distinct on the top of the damp ground. This made us think we were in for a short track for it must have been light when the lion went on again from here and lions generally lie up shortly after the sun rises, but this day proved an exception, he came in was cloudy and cool through the forenoon.

Trailing the King of Beasts.
The spoor now led us along a sandy path, where we could follow it as fast as we could walk. When it turned off into the bush we quite expected to see the lion at any moment, but not a bit of it—he wandered about through endless clumps of mimosa and "irgin" bushes as if he did not mean to lie up at all.

The track at last led us down a little sandy watercourse, which it followed for some distance. Up to this time we had had no real difficulty in making it out, but now came our first serious check. The lion turned off along the side of a stony ridge, and, instead of going along it the lion had turned up the hill. We had got the general direction of the lion, but had been going in, but this was no good to us, as on casting forward in the same line to the bottom of the other side of the ridge where there was some sandy ground, we could find no sign of his having passed in that direction. We spent some time hunting about, growing less hopeful as time went on. A man following a trail by sight certainly has an enormous advantage over a bound hunting it by nose, because time is of no particular object to him, and every direction can be tried in turn. After making out eastward we went back to the little watercourse, and followed that down for some distance, hoping that the lion had turned down

bill again, but here, too, we were disappointed, and gravitated back to where we had first lost the spoor. We knew that the lion had not gone straight on, nor had he turned back, he must have gone along the top of the ridge and then crossed into other stony hills where it was hopeless to try to track him.

Abdullah, who is never defeated, said there was a big riverbed further on in the direction in which the lion was going. It seemed a very slender chance, as he might have turned off anywhere in between, but it was the only one so off we went. We were evidently in luck that day, for we had only gone about a quarter of a mile when we struck the spoor. The lion seemed now to have made up his mind as to his direction for he kept on straight down the middle of the riverbed. The sun had come out from behind the clouds and in places the sand was very deep, so that we were not sorry when at last the track led into a little island of bush in the great flat sand. There was no doubt the lion was at home, for on casting round no sign was perceptible of a track coming out. The island raised a little above the riverbed, was formed of a mass of thick tangled bush and creepers clustered round a few big trees. The water coming down the river after heavy rain had washed it roughly into the form of a triangle, the apex of which pointed up the river. From this point the sides widened out to the other end, which was about thirty yards broad, the whole length being somewhat under a hundred yards.

Driving the Lion to Bay.
The shape made it a easy place to drive, for a little way out from the

quite unable to move. All the life in him seemed concentrated in his eyes, which glared at us furiously. Another shot put him out of his misery. The first shot, a very bad one had grazed the spine just in front of the withers, another quarter of an inch higher and it would have missed altogether.

This lion was quite maneless, except for a few long hairs on each side of the neck and his teeth were worn down quite short, so he was evidently very old. He was in very good condition, notwithstanding, but his stomach was quite empty, which accounted for his going so far before lying up. We had to stop at the main camp for the night when we got there, and did not follow up our camels till the next day. I have described this track rather at length because it is a good example of many similar days.

Perils of the Man Eater.

My first experience in tracking lions was early in 1892 and the night before was rather an exciting one. After hunting elephants unsuccessfully for about a month, we were on our way south, when we arrived one day at some villages where the natives had been very much bothered by five lions, which were said to be still in the neighborhood. A girl had been killed two days before, and an enormous amount of damage had been done among the sheep and cattle. The first day we camped there two of our party had shooting zerebas made at the village to which the lions generally came and just before sunset they went off there.

I tied up our two donkeys just outside the camp, on the chance that the lions might come and look us up. Just after dark we were having dinner in the tent when there was a scuffle out

We had a shot or two at the sound, and the beasts, whatever they were, went away. As at that time we knew nothing about lions, we were not quite sure that they were not hyenas after all, but Abdullah stuck to it they were lions, so we got our beds and lay down on each side of the opening, just behind the fence to watch, hoping that the brutes would come back. Nothing further happened however. At daybreak we sallied out to see if by any chance we had managed to hit a lion, but we only found two or three dead hyenas. One of these brutes had been partly eaten, we thought at the time by other hyenas as it was still too dark to make out tracks. We came to the conclusion we had made idiots of ourselves, and had been shooting all night at hyenas, and we did not feel any the better when our friends came back from their night at the village and told us we had probably frightened every lion out of the country by our bombardment.

Reading the Lion Tracks.

Abdullah still insisted that there had been lions round the camp, and a little later we found the spoor of one big lion by the body of the half eaten hyena. The ground was very stony and there were no other tracks to be seen, but one lion could hardly have dragged the donkey and heavy barrel away so quickly, so there were probably more. The other hunters had got hold of a man at the village who said he knew where the lions always lay so they went with him. Soon after they left Abdullah, who had been hunting about, came and told me that he had picked up the track of one lion on soft ground a little way from camp and that we ought

I shot, but so badly that I wasted seven bullets at different ranges without touching her. The first six did not seem to annoy her at all, but the last hit the ground just under her teeth, and either the bullet so close, frightened her or a stone hit her, for she sprang off with a snarl and a flourish of her tail and, putting on the pace, in a minute or two ran clean away from us. I was terribly disappointed and annoyed with myself and I thought of course, that everything was over for the day after all this shooting, but Abdullah, who was almost weeping hardly gave me time to get my wind a little before he rushed me back again. As we ran round the place where we had first seen the lioness a fine lion appeared walking slowly out of another thicket towards us. As I shot, he turned and plunged through an opening in the bushes to our right. We ran round an outstanding bush to head him if he broke out, and met a lion facing us. Just as I fired I heard a moan to the right, so I was sure it was not the same lion. This one staggered away at the shot and fell stone dead close by.

Death of the Jungle Lord.

Abdullah called up Jama and the pony boy and they soon had the hide off and tied on the pony. I thought all the time that Abdullah knew all about the other one, but as he seemed to be going right home I asked him if we had not better go and look for it and he replied that it was the same lion all the time and that I had missed it the first shot. I did not feel quite sure about it myself, but the moan in the bushes could only have come from a wounded beast, so I told him we had better go and look any way. He evidently thought it was waste of time, but when we got back to where the lion had been hit we soon found some blood, and going quietly down a little path between the argin bushes we came round a corner almost on top of the lion. He was stone dead. I was very pleased at scoring off Abdullah, as he had shown such evident disgust at my shooting. We met one of our party on our way back to camp, and told him he might run across the lioness if he followed our track back to the place we had come from. An hour after we got back to camp he came galloping up, having seen two lions curiously enough both males, and had shot one with a better mane than either of mine. I have at another time described

steal forward until the lion is sighted or ringed in a small clump of bush. Then, when all is over, and the skin is being taken off, how pleasant it is to sit in the shade listening to the excited talk of the natives, and letting your nerves quiet down again after the hopes and fears of the morning. You ride home to camp with the lion skin behind your saddle, while one of your men after another gives his version of the morning's proceedings in a hunting song. On the other hand, when you get a shot, and miss after a long and difficult track, it seems as if any number of lions killed in the future will never make up for the loss of this one, which is always the biggest lion, carrying the finest mane you have ever seen. The ride home to camp is then a silent one, as no lion means no sleep for the men, and they are correspondingly downhearted.

The first thing to be done in tracking is to find fresh spoor. Natives will often bring news of spoor, but unluckily the average villager's idea of a fresh track is rather hazy. I have several times gone a long way to find at the end a track several days old. On one occasion two natives arrived, saying there were fresh lion tracks in a river bed, luckily not more than half a mile from camp, but when we got there the fresh lion tracks turned out to be the spoor of two hyenas at least a week old.

The spoor of the large spotted hyena is not unlike that of a lioness on certain ground but the difference can easily be told, because a hyena has claws like a dog, whereas the retractable claws of a lion are always sheathed and leave no mark. The best way to find spoor is to look for it yourself with good trackers. Should there be any villages near camp which lions have been in the habit of raiding it is very necessary to get there as early as possible in the morning. If once the large flocks of sheep and goats and herds of camels which have been shut up in the villages all night are let out, the ground all about is a mass of indistinguishable footprints and ever from the village is choked with long strings of beasts going off to their feeding grounds. Hitting off a lion's spoor under these circumstances is almost impossible, and the dust raised by the herds is very disagreeable.

Besides villages, any well in the neighborhood is a good place to look for spoor. If a lion is about there ought to be no difficulty in picking up his spoor within a day or two.

Baffling Ways of the Jungle Folk.

Rather curious coincidences are sometimes brought to light by spoor. Not very long after the date of the story just related one of our party went to a place where two lions had been killing regularly, and sat up two nights for them with a donkey as bait. The lions must have left the district for a day or two while he was there, as there were no fresh tracks to be found anywhere about. The day after he came back to camp it happened to ride out in that direction. Soon after we started we came on the spoor of two lions which led us along a path till we came to the shooting zereba. The night after he had left the lions had walked over the very spot where his donkey had been tied up in the middle of the path.

A little later again I happened to be at a place where he had camped a few days before. A lion roared near my camp several times in the night, and next morning I heard he had taken a sheep from a village close by. We picked up his spoor in a riverbed near the camp and after following it for some distance came to some wells. The lion had drunk twice, and between the drinks had laid down under the fence of a shooting zereba, which had been made to watch the water. After drinking the second time he had gone away.

Now and then when tracking you come across places where lions have killed and if it is on sand or bare soil you can tell everything that has happened almost as well as if you had seen it. We were camped once on the edge of a river bed and thick covert ran right down to the back of the camp. One night there was a tremendous scuffling in these bushes, so in the morning I went out to see what had been going on, and found that two lions had been chasing a warthog, which had just saved its bacon by getting underground. It must have been a very near thing, as the lions had ploughed great furrows in the sand at the mouth of the hole, showing they had pulled up pretty sharp. Warthogs generally go to ground when pursued and as there is no second opening to the burrows, and presumably no chamber at the end where they can turn, they always go in backwards. This has actually been seen by sportsmen who have been riding after them with a spear. I should think this pig can hardly have had the time to do this. Perhaps he got jammed in head first, as he refused to be smoked out when we tried it.

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Agitation regarding the pay of French military officers has had some effect for the minister of war has asked for an extraordinary credit of \$400,000 to supplement the pay of the officers, which has not been increased since 1870. In that time nearly every grade of state official has had his stipend raised but the sub-lieutenant has had to make both ends meet as best he could with six francs a day and the lieutenant with eight.

Hospitable.
She—And do you enjoy your African trip, major? How do you like the savages?

He—Oh, they were extremely kind-hearted. They wanted to keep me there for dinner.



HE PLUNGED OFF WITH AN ANGRY SNARL.

point one could easily command the whole of it. The lion was almost certain to break out of one of the sides towards the bush on the banks of the riverbed, in which case I should get an easy broadside shot. If we followed the track into the place, the noise we were sure to make would be very likely to get the beast on his legs, and he would sneak out at one side as we went in at the other, especially as the water had left a lot of dead sticks along the edges, over which it would be impossible to walk quietly. Abdullah also said that from the way he had wandered about this lion must be very hungry, and would sleep lightly. These considerations decided us to drive. I posted myself with Abdullah a few yards out from the point, and the other two men, having collected some stones began throwing them in at the far end. Abdullah was right about this lion sleeping lightly for at the first stone there was a growl and a crash in the bushes and then for a minute or two, not a sound. The men started to walk down, one on each side, shooting and throwing in stones. I was watching them, and wondering what had happened to the lion, when there was a faint crackling just in front of us and he appeared at the point of the island. Although we were standing within a few yards of him and absolutely in the open, he did not see us.

He was facing straight towards us, and was so close that I did not like to fire at him as, on receiving the bullet, he would be very likely to plunge in the direction he was going and be into us, nor did I want him to come any closer, so, as he stepped down on to the sand, I moved my rifle up towards my shoulder to attract his attention. He saw the movement at once, stopped dead, and turned his head sharply towards us. For the fraction of a second I thought he was going to be startled into charging, but he plunged off to the left with an angry snarl at us over his shoulder. As he passed I pulled, and he skated along on his stomach and fell down a little ledge in the sand. This showed him round, and he lay facing us, spread eagled on the sand, evidently

side and it was evident that some thing was attacking our donkeys. It was pitch dark and we fired several shots in the direction of the sound before we discovered that the attacking beasts were hyenas. We did not mind having a donkey killed instantaneously by a lion, but we had not bargained for the poor beasts getting mauled by hyenas, so taking a lamp we went out to see what had happened. My donkey had got off with a nasty bite in the hollow of the hind leg above the hock, and we had him taken into the camp at once. The other was completely disembowelled and must have been killed instantly. We could not find any dead hyenas, but we were pretty sure that on or two must have been hit. Seeing that if the lions did come to the dead donkey there would not be much chance of hitting them on so dark a night, we pulled the carcass right under the skerm or fence round the camp and, to prevent hyenas dragging it away, tied a rope to one of its legs, and passing it over the fence, fastened it to a heavy water barrel inside the camp. We sat up for a bit and got a few shots at hyenas, and then we went to bed telling the sentry to keep a sharp lookout and to let us know if lions came to the carcass.

Some time after I awoke to find Abdullah bending over me with my rifle in his hand. He was frightfully excited and all I could get out of him was "Libah sabib libah" ("Lion, sir, lion"). Jumping up I rushed out just as my companion fired two shots into the darkness. The first thing I saw when I got to where he stood was that a great piece of the skerm round the camp had disappeared, leaving a broad gap. I could not for a moment think what had happened, and then it struck me that when the carcass had been dragged away the water barrel must have got latched against the inside of the interlaced mimosa boughs and the whole lot had gone together. It was frightfully dark out side, and we stood peering out for some time without being able to distinguish anything, but after a few minutes we could hear something tearing at the flesh quite close by.

to follow it. At that time none of us knew much about tracking and we had had such bad luck after the elephants that we did not think much of our shikaries and I did not think it was much good Abdullah persuading me and I went after we had followed the track for some distance I quite caught his enthusiasm and when the single track was joined by three others I was divided between delight at the prospect of having four lions all to myself and the thought that perhaps I had more on my hands than I could manage alone.

After a track of about an hour we came in sight of two or three big thickets of argin bushes surrounded by open mimosa scrub and intersected by narrow paths. My second shikari at that time was a very tall fellow, called Jama with enormous feet. Several times during the track Abdullah had turned round to pitch into him for making such a noise, and now he confided to me that Jama walk all same cow" and that we had better leave him behind here with the pony and boy, as the lions were sure to be in the place in front of us. Knowing nothing about it I agreed and went on with Abdullah. We were walking quietly along the outside of one of the thickets when Abdullah suddenly clutched me by the arm and pointed towards a tree standing on the edge of the bush yards off. The tree was divided into two towards the bottom, and the sun was throwing the shadow of a bush on the ground inside the hollow.

This was where Abdullah was pointing, getting more excited but I could make out nothing at all, until a great yellow beast moved suddenly out of the shadow and slipped away on the far side. I fired from the hip, letting off both barrels into the tree. We rushed round to the other side of the thicket just in time to see a fine lioness come out. I could not get a clear shot at once, and when I did, after running some distance, I was shaking so that I could not get on her at all, and missed. She kept lobbing along just ahead, every now and then stopping to look around and show her teeth at us. Each time she stopped

two different methods of hunting lions. One of them could hardly be called a method at all, as it depended on news brought in by natives as to where a lion had actually been seen. The second plan consisted of tying up a donkey for a bait and sitting up to watch at night. A much more interesting way of hunting lions than either of these and a very successful one if the native shikaries employed are any good, is this process of tracking them. A lion lies up in some cool, shady place for the day, unless the sky is overcast and the sun cannot get out when he will occasionally be found hunting at any hour. If you can strike his spoor of the night before there is a very good chance of following it up to where the lion lies, should the ground be suitable. There is no form of hunting so exciting as this. When the spoor is found there is generally nothing to show if you have struck it early or late in the lion's wanderings so that it is quite a chance whether it leads you for hours over all sorts of country, or whether, after half a mile down on a sandy river bed or path, it turns off into a thick patch of reeds or bush close by, where the lion is lying. It is extraordinary how the excitement grows as time goes on, and still you keep the track some times very slowly, where only now and then part of a footprint can be seen on a soft place between the stones, at other times as fast as you can walk over soil where the track is visible many yards ahead. And when the spoor is lost and minute after minute goes by while you cast about vainly in every direction, how wretched you are and how quickly your spirits rise again when a low whistle or snapping of the fingers announces that one of the trackers has hit it off further on.

At last certain signs show that you are getting near the end, the trackers take off their sandals and tuck up their loin-cloths under their belts, lest a corner flapping in the wind should scare the lion. For the first time you take your rifle from the native who has had charge of it, and, with your head shikari carrying a second rifle,